



JÄRBO

92995





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RYTTLA (HOVERING) – HALF-GLOVES

With each hand as a wing inspired by a bird's stationary way of flying, these half-gloves are worked with a pretty alpaca yarn, thin but oh-so-warm. The gloves have lifeline thumb gussets and rolled edges. The ribbing variations provide a good snug fit.

YARN

Fin Alpaca (100% alpaca, 180 yd/165 m / 50 g)

ALTERNATE YARN SUGGESTIONS

Alpaca Silke (45% baby alpaca, 40% Merino wool, 15% silk, 180 yd/165 m / 50 g)

Junior (70% premium acrylic, 30% polyamide, 183 yd/168 m / 50 g)

GAUGE Approx. 29 sts x 38 rnds in pattern on gauge-size needles = 4 x 4 in / 10 x 10 cm.

Adjust needle size to obtain correct gauge if necessary.

SIZE Women's

GLOVE LENGTH Approx. 8¾ in / 22 cm

YARN AMOUNTS AND COLORS

Approx. 50 g (color 29157, Brown Pinecone)

NEEDLES U. S. size 1.5 / 2.5 mm: set of 5 dpn

NOTIONS 1 stitch marker

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY Intermediate

DESIGNER Ellen Funderer

STITCHES AND TECHNIQUES

See Tips and Shortcuts on the last page for common abbreviations and other useful information.

M1R = make 1 right: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from back to front and knit into front loop = right-leaning increase.

M1L = make 1 left: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from front to back and knit into back loop = left-leaning increase.

TIP If you are working with a long magic loop circular instead of dpn, a marker placed for the increases is helpful.

CONSTRUCTION

The gloves are worked in the round on double-pointed needles, from the cuff up. The thumb gusset is shaped with increases on every round. The hand is worked after the thumb gusset is finished. The thumb is worked last.

CHARTS

The charts are read from right to left, from the bottom up. Some parts of a chart are repeated before the last part of the chart is worked. This is indicated with a bracket and is charted so that the pattern works out evenly.

CASTING ON AND CUFF

With gauge-size dpn, loosely CO 52 sts. Divide sts over

4 dpn and join to work in the round. The round begins between needles 4 and 1. After a few rnds, pm for beginning of round.

Knit 6 rnds in stockinette.

Then, work in k2, p2 ribbing for 3¼ in / 8 cm.

LEFT-HAND GLOVE

Left thumb

Now divide the sts as follows:

Needle 1: 4 sts

Needle 2: 22 sts.

Needle 3: 12 sts

Needle 4: 14 sts

The thumb gusset is shaped with increases between needles 1 and 2. The sts on needle 2 will be the thumb sts.

Work thumb gusset increases as follows:

Rnd 1:

Needle 1: Work 4 sts following chart A, M1R in strand between needles 1 and 2.

Needle 2: Work in ribbing as est, following chart B.

Needles 3 and 4: Work following chart C.

Rnd 2:

Needle 1: Work 5 sts following chart A, M1R in strand between needles 1 and 2.

Needle 2: Work in ribbing as est, following chart B.

Needles 3 and 4: Work following chart C.



Continue as est above until completing chart rows = 22 sts increased and there are now 26 sts on needle 1.

Move the 22 thumb sts from needle 2 to a holder (for thumb). Divide the 26 sts on needle 1 over needles 1 and 2 = 52 sts total.

Left Hand

Continue working in the round in pattern as est (with right-leaning pattern on needles 1 and 2 and left-leaning pattern on needles 3 and 4) until hand measures approx. 3¼ in / 8 cm from thumbhole or an inch or so / a few cm shorter than desired finished length.

Knit 6 rnds in stockinette. BO loosely.

RIGHT-HAND GLOVE

Right thumb

Now divide the sts as follows:

Needle 1: 22 sts

Needle 2: 4 sts.

Needle 3: 12 sts

Needle 4: 14 sts

The thumb gusset is shaped with increases between needles 1 and 2. The sts on needle 1 will be the thumb sts.

Work thumb gusset increases as follows:

Rnd 1:

Needle 1: Work in ribbing as est, following chart D.

Needle 2: M1L in strand between needles 1 and 2, work 4 sts following chart E.

Needles 3 and 4: Work following chart F.

Rnd 2:

Needle 1: Work in ribbing as est, following chart D.

Needle 2: M1L in strand between needles 1 and 2, work 5 sts following chart E.

Needles 3 and 4: Work following chart F.

Continue as est above until completing chart rows = 22 sts increased and there are now 26 sts on needle 2.

Move the 22 thumb sts on needle 1 to a holder. Divide the 26 sts on needle 2 over needles 1 and 2 = 52 sts total.

Right Hand

Continue working in the round in pattern as est (with left-leaning pattern on needles 1 and 2 and right-leaning pattern on needles 3 and 4) until hand measures approx. 3¼ in / 8 cm from thumbhole or an inch or so / a few cm shorter than desired finished length.

Knit 6 rnds in stockinette. BO loosely.

THUMB

Slide the held 22 thumb sts onto dpn. Pick up and knit 2 sts on back of thumbhole = 24 sts total.

Join and work in ribbing as est for approx. 1¼ in / 3 cm. Finish with 6 rnds in stockinette.

BO loosely.

FINISHING

Weave in all ends neatly on wrong side. Dampen gloves, preferably from a spray bottle. Roll top in a towel to absorb excess water. Lay flat to dry, patted out to finished measurements.

□ Knit on RS, purl on WS

■ Purl on RS, knit on WS

↗ M1R

↘ M1L

LEFT-HAND GLOVE

CHART C
Needles 3 & 4

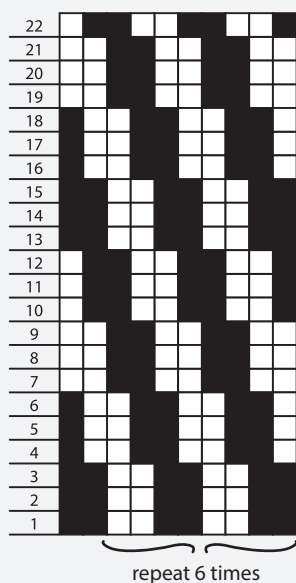


CHART B
Needle 2 - thumb

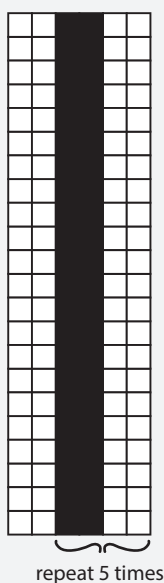
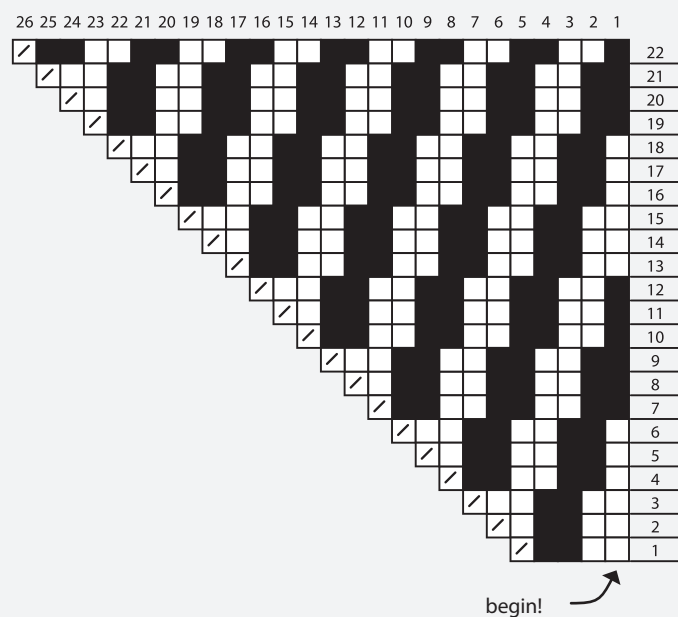


CHART A
Needle 1 - palm



RIGHT-HAND GLOVE

CHART F
Needles 3 & 4

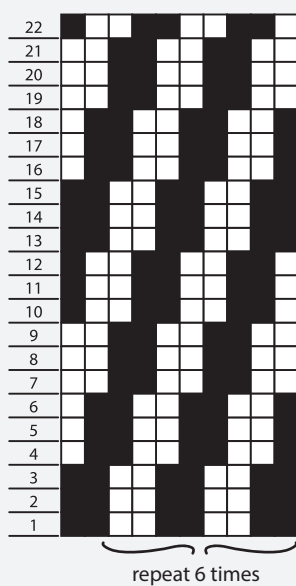


CHART E
Needle 2 - palm

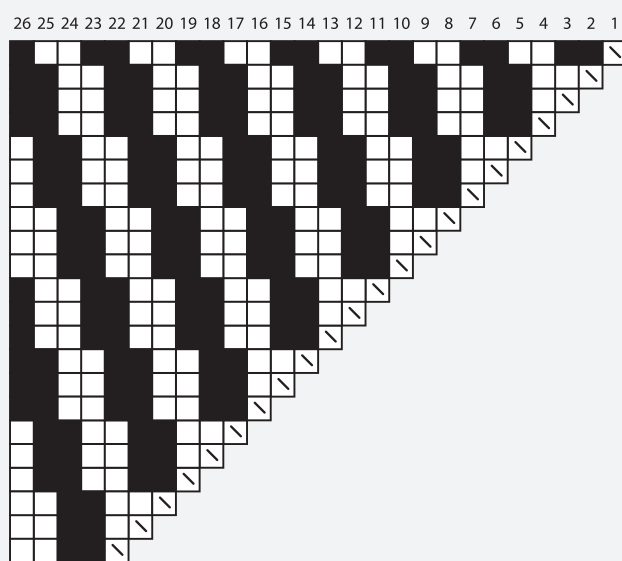
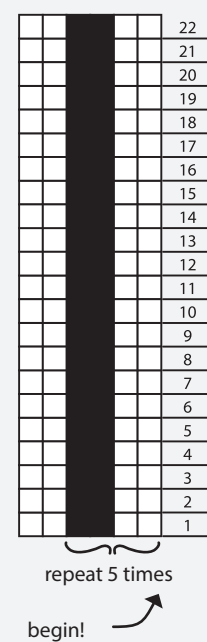


CHART D
Needle 1 - thumb







TIPS & SHORTCUTS

To avoid questions: Before you begin knitting, read through the pattern.

Stitch count: Always knit or crochet a gauge swatch as recommended in the pattern. If your stitch count doesn't match the gauge given in the pattern, try again with larger or smaller needles or hook. If your gauge doesn't match that in the pattern, your item will not be the correct size or shape.

Highlight the size you will knit or crochet throughout the pattern to make it easier to follow the instructions.

Charts: It will be easier to follow a chart if you mark your row with a ruler and magnetic board or sticky note.

Ease: The amount of ease included in our garments varies depending on the type and shape of the garment. To determine the right size, we recommend that you first measure your body. Then you can calculate the garment size depending on how much ease you want the garment to have. The schematics for each piece show all the garment measurements.

Two-color stranded knitting: When knitting more than 3-4 stitches of the same color, twist the color strands around each other on the wrong side to avoid long strands or "floats" on the back. If the yarns need to be twisted on several rows/rounds, make sure you do not stack the twists in the same place to prevent the yarns from showing through on the right side.

Tips för hand dyed yarn: Make sure you have enough yarn to complete your project. The colors may vary from time to time. To get a smooth color mix, you can alternate between two skeins: knit two rows from one and two rows from another skein.

ABBREVIATIONS

alt = alternately, **approx.** = approximately, **beg** = begin, **bl** = back loop, **BOR** = beginning of row/round, **cc** = contrasting color, **col** = color, **cont** = continue, **dec** = decrease, **EOR** = end of row/round, **fl** = front loop, **inc** = increase, **m** = marker, **mm** = millimeters, **mc** = main color, **patt** = pattern, **pm** = place marker, **rep** = repeat, **rnd(s)** = round/rounds, **RM** = remove marker, **RS** = right side, **sl** = slip, **sl m** = slip marker, **st(s)** = stitches, **tog** = together, **WS** = wrong side, **yo** = yarn over

KNITTING

BO = bind off, **cn** = cable needle, **CO** = cast on, **dpn(s)** = double-pointed needles, **g st** = garter stitch, **k1f&b** = knit in front and back loop of same stitch, **k** = knit (stitch), **k2tog** = knit two stitches together, **kw** = knitwise, **LH** = left hand needle, **p** = purl (stitch), **pw** = purlwise, **RH** = right hand needle, **ssk** = slip, slip, knit, **St st** = stockinette/stocking stitch, **wyib** = with yarn in back, **wyif** = with yarn in front

CROCHETING

ch = chain stitch, **dc** = double crochet, **dtr** = double treble crochet, **hdc** = half double crochet, **htr** = half treble crochet, **sc** = single crochet, **sl st** = slip stitch, **tr** = treble crochet, **tr tr** = triple treble crochet

DIFFICULTY

Beginner: Anyone with no experience knitting/crocheting. Easy techniques and clear explanations.

Adventurous Beginner: For a beginner ready to take the next step. Clear explanations so you can try some new techniques.

Intermediate: Anyone who has knitted/crocheted for a while but who wants a challenge. More advanced techniques and two steps occur at the same time.

Experienced: For experienced knitters/crocheters who have already tried many techniques and methods. Advanced/uncommon techniques and several steps occur simultaneously.