



JÄRBO

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JULVANTEN (CHRISTMAS MITTENS) 2022

This year's Christmas mittens are decorated all over with stars. A classic and timeless mitten you'll want to wear for many years.

YARN Svensk Ull 3 tr (Swedish Wool 3-ply) (100% Swedish wool, approx. 197 yd/180 m / 100 g)

ALTERNATE YARN SUGGESTIONS

Alpe (100% wool, approx. 109 yd/100 m / 50 g)

Raggi (70% superwash wool, 30% polyamide, approx. 165 yd/150 m / 100 g)

GAUGE

Approx. 25 sts x 24 rnds in stockinette pattern on U. S. 4 / 3.5 mm needles = 4 x 4 in / 10 x 10 cm.

Adjust needle size to obtain correct gauge if necessary.

SIZES Women's – one size

FINISHED MEASUREMENTS

MITTEN CIRCUMFERENCE Approx. 7½ in / 19 cm

MITTEN LENGTH Approx. 10¾ in / 27 cm

THUMB LENGTH Approx. 2½ in / 6 cm

LENGTH, THUMB GUSSET Approx. 2¾ in / 7 cm

LENGTH, HAND (from end of thumb gusset) Approx. 5½ in / 14 cm

LENGTH, CUFF Approx. 2 in / 5 cm

YARN COLOR AND AMOUNTS

Color 1: Approx. 50 g (color 59018, Lingonberry Jam)

Color 2: Approx. 40 g (color 59002, Gotland Grey)

NEEDLES U. S. size 4 / 3.5 mm; set of 5 dpn

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY **

DESIGN Maja Karlsson

STITCHES AND TECHNIQUES

Invisible Increase in Stitch Below/Right-Lifted

Increase (RLI): Insert right needle knitwise into stitch below first stitch on left needle. Lift loop onto left needle and knit into front loop. Now knit original first st. See video: https://youtu.be/Fm8gx5Ct_mc

Double Loop Cast-on: See video: <https://youtu.be/m-SyTHMSkbk>

Decrease 1 stitch, right-leaning – K2tog: Knit 2 stitches together.

Decrease 1 stitch, left-leaning – Sl 1, k1, pss0: Slip 1 stitch, knit 1 stitch, pass slipped stitch over knitted stitch.

Double decrease: Slip 1 stitch, knit 2 together, pass slipped stitch over knitted stitch = 2 stitches decreased

RIGHT-HAND MITTEN

CUFF

With dpn and color 1, CO 48 sts.

Divide sts over 4 dpn and join to knit in the round; pm for beginning of rnd.

Work around in k2, p2 ribbing for 2 in / 5 cm.

HAND

Knit 1 rnd.

Continue in stockinette (= knit all stitches in the round).

Work pattern following chart A1 (chart rows 1-4).

Thumb Gusset

Continue in pattern, increasing for thumb gusset as shown on chart A1 (chart rows 5-18). Increase with RLI (see Stitches and Techniques). Once you've worked chart row 18, the thumb gusset is finished.

Rnd 19: Work 27 sts following chart A2, place the next 17 sts on a holder. CO 3 new sts over gap behind thumb gusset using double loop cast-on method (see Stitches and Techniques). Knit to end of rnd, following chart.

CONTINUATION, HAND

Continue following chart A2 (chart rows 20-45).

Mitten Top

Decrease to shape top as shown on chart A2 (chart rows 46-55). Decrease with left- and right-leaning methods, and, finally, with double decrease (see Stitches and Techniques).

Always work decreases with color 1, so that the stripes on the mitten sides follow along with the decreases.

Last Rnd: K1 with color 2, make 1 double decrease with color 1, k1 with color 2, make 1 double decrease with color 1.

Now 4 sts remain. Cut yarn and draw end through rem sts; tighten.

THUMB

Divide the 17 held sts onto 3 dpn.

Rnd 1: Work following thumb chart, picking up and knitting 3 sts in the 3 cast-on sts over thumbhole = 20 sts total.

Knit around following chart C (chart rows 1-13).

Thumb Top

Continue with color 2.

Decrease Rnd: K2tog around – 10 sts rem.

Cut yarn and draw end through rem sts; tighten. Weave in all ends neatly on WS.

LEFT-HAND MITTEN

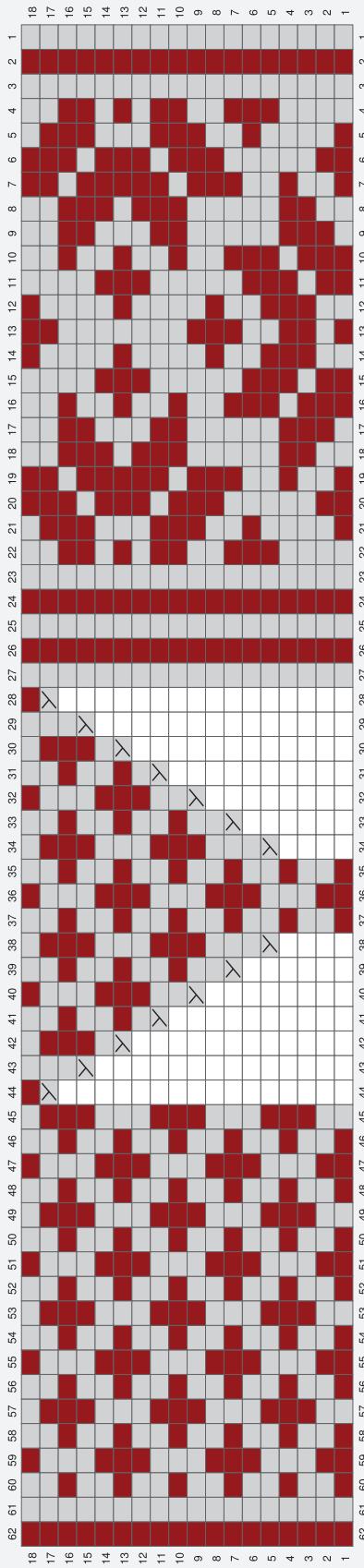
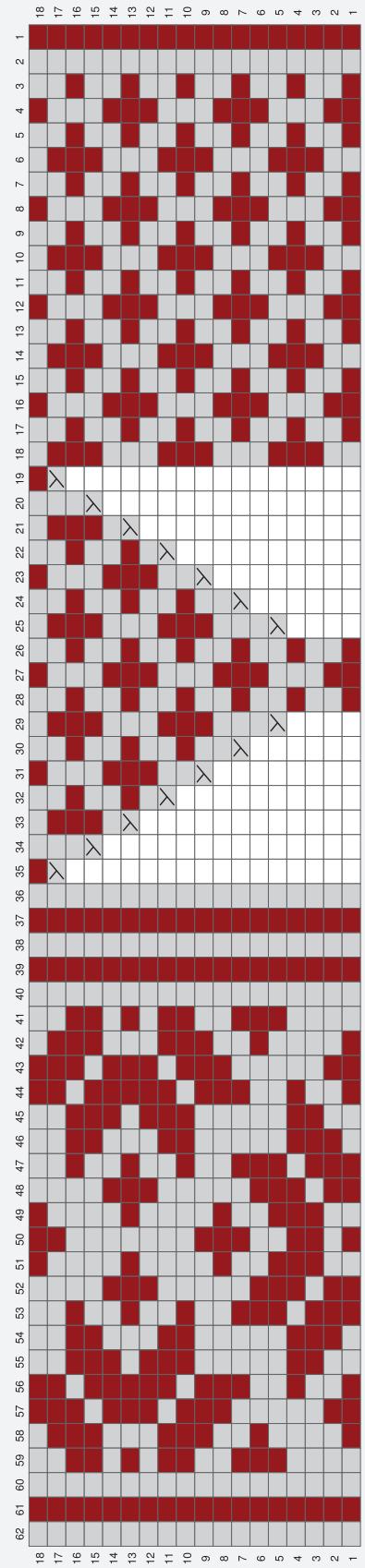
Work as for right-hand mitten, but substitute charts A1 and A2 with B1 and B2 so mitten is reverse-image.

NOTE Work last rnd on left mitten as follows:

Last Rnd: Make 1 double decrease with color 1, k1 with color 2, make 1 double decrease with color 1, k1 with color 2.

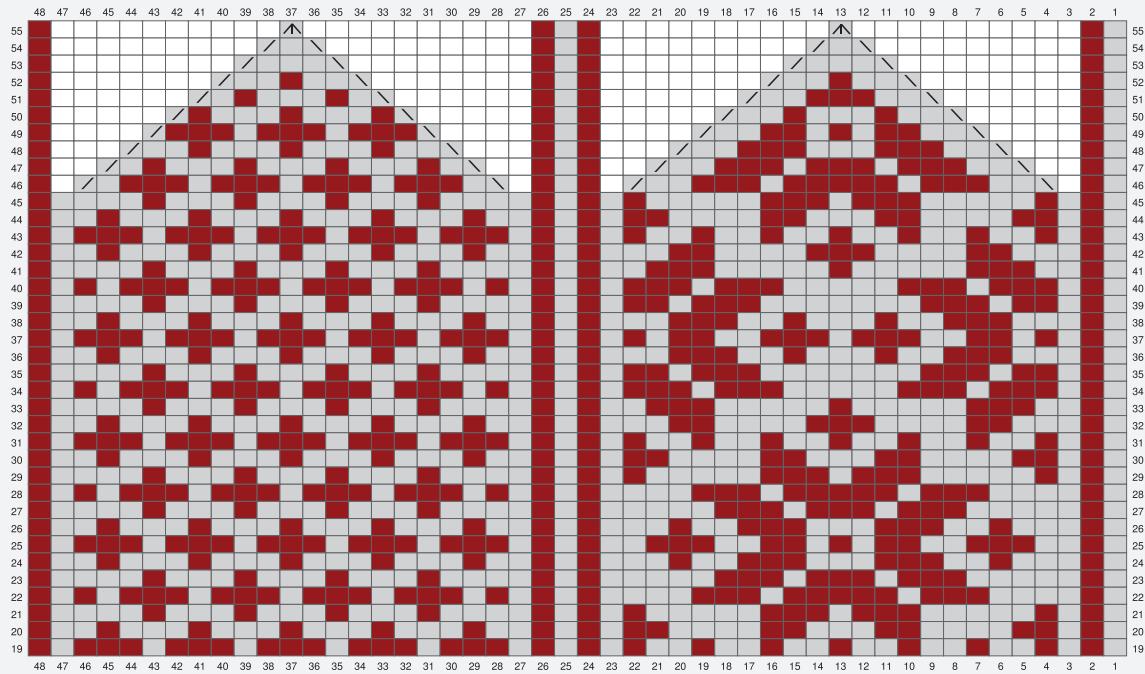
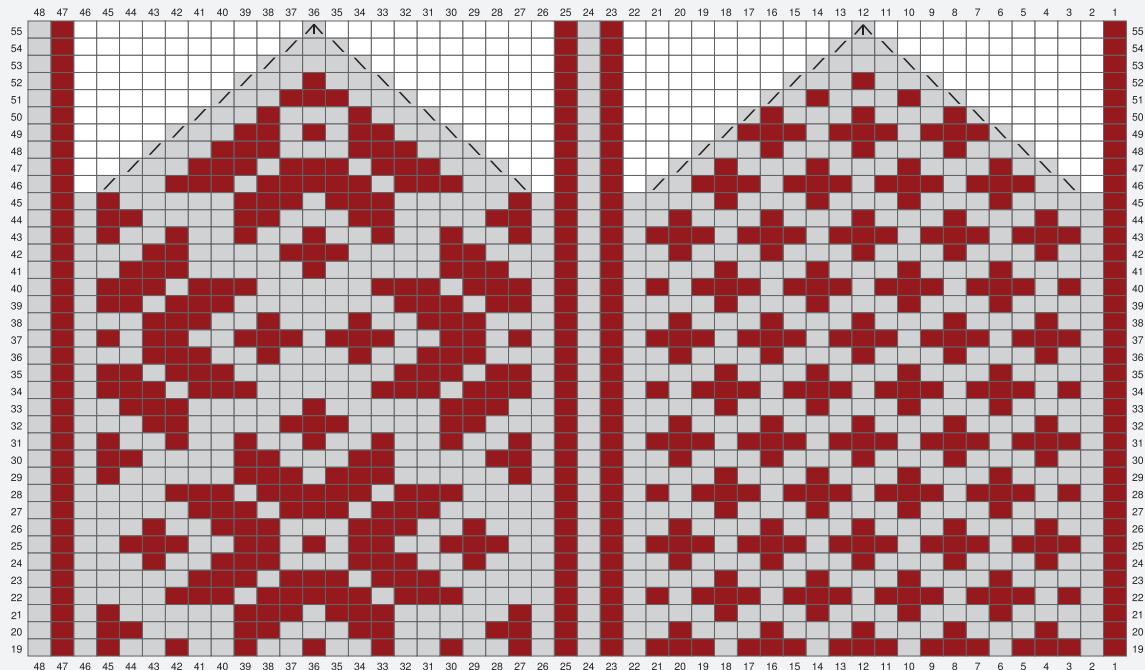
FINISHING

Weave in all ends neatly on WS. Wet-block mittens carefully and lay flat to dry.

A1**B1**

- Color 1
- Color 2
- No stitch, skip this square on chart

- Decrease 1 stitch, right-leaning – k2tog
- Decrease 1 stitch, left-leaning – sl 1, k1, pss0
- Decrease 2 sts with double decrease – sl 1, k2tog, pss0
- Invisible Increase in Stitch Below/Right-lifted Increase (RLI)

A2**B2**

█ Color 1

▒ Color 2

□ No stitch, skip this square on chart

↗ Decrease 1 stitch, right-leaning – K2tog

↖ Decrease 1 stitch, left-leaning – Sl 1, k1, pssو

↑ Decrease 2 sts with double decrease – Sl 1, k2tog, pssو

☒ Invisible Increase in Stitch Below/Right-Lifted Increase (RLI)

C

20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
13																			13
12																			12
11																			11
10																			10
9																			9
8																			8
7																			7
6																			6
5																			5
4																			4
3																			3
2																			2
1																			1

- █ Color 1
- ▒ Color 2
- No stitch, skip this square on chart
- ☒ Decrease 1 stitch, right-leaning – K2tog
- ☒ Decrease 1 stitch, left-leaning – Sl 1, k1, pssو
- ☒ Decrease 2 sts with double decrease – Sl 1, k2tog, pssو
- ☒ Invisible Increase in Stitch Below/Right-Lifted Increase (RLI)



TIPS & SHORTCUTS

To avoid questions: Before you begin knitting, read through the pattern.

Stitch count: Always knit or crochet a gauge swatch as recommended in the pattern. If your stitch count doesn't match the gauge given in the pattern, try again with larger or smaller needles or hook. If your gauge doesn't match that in the pattern, your item will not be the correct size or shape.

Highlight the size you will knit or crochet throughout the pattern to make it easier to follow the instructions.

Charts: It will be easier to follow a chart if you mark your row with a ruler and magnetic board or sticky note.

Ease: The amount of ease included in our garments varies depending on the type and shape of the garment. To determine the right size, we recommend that you first measure your body. Then you can calculate the garment size depending on how much ease you want the garment to have. The schematics for each piece show all the garment measurements.

Two-color stranded knitting: When knitting more than 3-4 stitches of the same color, twist the color strands around each other on the wrong side to avoid long strands or "floats" on the back. If the yarns need to be twisted on several rows/rounds, make sure you do not stack the twists in the same place to prevent the yarns from showing through on the right side.

Tips for hand dyed yarn: Make sure you have enough yarn to complete your project. The colors may vary from time to time. To get a smooth color mix, you can alternate between two skeins: knit two rows from one and two rows from another skein.

ABBREVIATIONS

KNITTING

alt = alternately, approx. = approximately, beg = begin, bl = back loop, BO = bind off, BOR = beginning of row/round, cc = contrasting color, cn = cable needle, CO = cast on, col = color, cont = continue, dec = decrease, dpn(s) = double-pointed needles, EOR = end of row/round, fl = front loop, g st = garter stitch, inc = increase, k1f&b = knit in front and back loop of same stitch, k = knit (stitch), k2tog = knit two stitches together (right-slanting decrease), kw = knitwise, LH = left hand needle, m = marker, mm = millimeters, mc = main color, p = purl (stitch), patt = pattern, pm = place marker, pw = purlwise, rep = repeat, rnd(s) = round/rounds, RH = right hand needle, RM = remove marker, RS = right side, sl = slip, sl m = slip marker, ssk = slip, slip, knit, st(s) = stitches, St st = stockinette/stocking stitch, tog = together, WS = wrong side, wyib = with yarn in back, wyif = with yarn in front, yo = yarn over

CROCHETING

approx. = approximately, beg = begin, bl = back loop, ch = chain stitch, col = color, cont = continue, dc = double crochet, dec = decrease, dtr = double treble crochet, fl = front loop, hdc = half double crochet, htr = half treble crochet, inc = increase, m = marker, mc = main color, rep = repeat, rnd/rnds = round/rounds, RS = right side, sc = single crochet, sl st = slip stitch, sts = stitches, tog = together, tr = treble crochet, tr tr = triple treble crochet, WS = wrong side, yo = yarn over

DIFFICULTY

* = Suitable for those who have just started knitting or crocheting

** = Suitable for those who have knitted or crocheted some before

*** = Suitable for those who are experienced knitters or crocheters