

SWEATER NO. 9 #SWEATERNO9



ABOUT SWEATER NO. 9

Sweater No. 9 is a heavy knit sweater with classic raglan sleeves and a high neck. A chunky and elegant style with lovely details. The sweater is cut for a comfy loose fit and shapes itself beautifully on all shapes and sizes.

The sweater can be made either in regular length or a short – almost cropped – version. As it's knitted from top to down, you can try it on while knitting and choose the length that suits your body.

SIZES

XS (S) M (L) XL (XXL)

MEASUREMENTS

Width: 99 (104) 109 (119) 127 (135) cm

Length, center front (regular): 51 (53) 55 (58) 62 (64) cm

Length, center front (short): 42 (44) 46 (48) 52 (54) cm

Sleeve length (under the armhole): 41 (42) 43 (43) 44 (45) cm

See size guide on the following page.

RECOMMENDED NEEDLES

Circular needle 7 mm (80 or 100 cm)

Circular needle 5 mm (40 and 80 cm)

Double pointed needles 5 mm and 7 mm.

If you knit the sleeves with the magic loop method, you don't need the double pointed needles.

GAUGE

In stockinette stitch on needle 7 mm.

14 sts x 19 rows = 10 x 10 cm

MATERIALS

All yarn used in the pattern is from Knitting for Olive (www.knittingforolive.com).

Regular version

75 (100) 100 (125) 125 (125) g Soft Silk Mohair (Sky), 25 g / 225 m.

300 (300) 350 (400) 450 (500) g Heavy Merino (Off White), 50 g / 125 m.

The sweater is knit with two strands of yarn. One of each quality.

Short version

75 (75) 100 (100) 125 (125) g Soft Silk Mohair, 25 g / 225 m.
300 (300) 350 (350) 400 (450) g Heavy Merino, 50 g / 125 m.

YARN ALTERNATIVES

Do you want to use a different yarn than the one specified in the pattern?
Then you'll need the following number of meters per strand.

Regular length (long version)

700 (750) 875 (1000) 1125 (1250) m.

Short version

700 (750) 875 (875) 1000 (1125) m.

To calculate the yarn consumption, you need the number of meters specified above and the meterage of the yarn you want to replace it with.

Example: You want to knit the long model in size S and use a yarn with a meterage of 110 m.

$750 \text{ m} / 110 \text{ m} = 6.8$
Result = 7 balls of yarn.

SIZE GUIDE

Sweater No. 9 is cut for a comfy fit with a positive ease of approximately 15 cm, meaning it is designed to be 15 cm larger in circumference than your bust measurement. The measurements given on the front page is for the finished sweater.

The sizes XS (S) M (L) XL (XXL) are equal to standard European sizes 34-36 (36-38) 38-40 (42) 42-44 (44-46) and a chest width of 80-85 (85-90) 90-95 (95-100) 100-110 (110-120) cm.

Before you start knitting, measure yourself with a measuring tape around the widest part of your body (bust or belly), to determine which size to knit.
Example: If you measure 88 cm, you should knit a size S, with a width of 104 cm.

Remember to make a gauge swatch. A swatch is the only way to make sure, that the recommended needles give you the correct gauge.

Here is how to make a swatch: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M-lvbzhq3fo>

BEFORE YOU START

Sweater No. 9 is worked from the top down with raglan increases on the yoke. First, you knit the collar, then the yoke. When the yoke is finished, you will proceed to knit the body and finally the sleeves.

Raglan increases: The raglan increases are made to shape the yoke of your sweater. All increases are made at one side of 8 markers in every transition between sleeves and body. You will increase 8 stitches in one round.

The increases are made as follows:

Right leaning increase (M1R): pick up the bar right before the stitch marker from the back and knit the new stitch.

Left leaning increase (M1L): pick up the bar right after the stitch marker from the front and knit the new stitch through the back loop.

Here is how to make the increases: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IsIndA4LzR8>

Rib knitting: All rib stitches on the sweater is worked as 2 x 1 ribbing. Meaning: *Knit 2, purl 1* repeat from *-* to the end of the round.

Magic Loop method: In this pattern, you will need the magic loop method on both collar and sleeves. The method makes it easy to knit in the round without losing any stitches and gives you a smooth and even result.

Here is how to do the magic loop: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1mq1qRdJc68>

Decreases:

When shaping the sleeves of your sweater, you will need two different types of decreases:

Right leaning decrease (k2tog): knit 2 together.

Left leaning decrease (ssk): slip, slip, knit.

Here is how to do the decreases: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JSTQjOCyfhI>

You are now ready to start knitting your sweater.

BEGIN WORKING THE SWEATER HERE

COLLAR

Cast on 69 (72) 75 (81) 84 (87) stitches on circular needle 5 mm (40 cm).

Here is how to do it: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p1bZ1hj8Qg8>

Right after casting on your stitches, you will join them in the round. Place a stitch marker at the beginning of your round. This will mark your 'center back'.

Knit 12 (13) 13 (13) 14 (14) cm of rib Meaning: *Knit 2, purl 1* and repeat this to the end of the round.

The collar is now done. You will now proceed to the yoke.

On the next round, you will place your 8 stitch markers. The markers will show you where to knit the raglan increases. Make sure to place your stitch markers correctly. The placement of the markers is very important for the result.

YOKE

Change to circular needle 7 mm (80 or 100 cm).

From this point, you will be knitting stockinette stitch in the round. Meaning:

Unless other instructions are given, all stitches are knit as knit stitches.

Start center back and place your stitch markers as follows:

Knit 7 (7) 10 (10) 10 (13) stitches (half back), 1st stitch marker, purl 2, knit 2, purl 2, 2nd stitch marker, knit 9 stitches (sleeve), 3rd stitch marker, purl 2, knit 2, purl 2, 4th stitch marker, knit 12 (15) 15 (18) 21 (21) stitches (front), 5th stitch marker purl 2, knit 2, purl 2, 6th stitch marker, knit 9 stitches (sleeve), 7th stitch marker, purl 2, knit 2, purl 2, 8th stitch marker, knit 8 (8) 8 (11) 11 (11) stitches (half back).

You will now start working the raglan increases.

The increases are made on *every second* round.

Repeat the **1st and 2nd round** until you have worked 20 (21) 22 (24) 25 (27) rounds of increases.

As the increases are only made in every 2nd row, the number of rounds will be 40 (42) 44 (48) 50 (54) in total.

1st round: *Knit until your 1st stitch marker. M1R, move the marker to the right needle, purl 2, knit 2, purl 2, move your 2nd marker to the right needle, M1L.* Repeat from *-* at the following 6 markers.

2nd round: Work stitches as they appear (knit the knit stitches, purl the purl stitches).

When all increases are done, there will be 229 (240) 251 (273) 284 (303) stitches on the needle.

The yoke is now measuring approx. 22 (23) 24 (26) 27 (29) cm center front (measured below the collar).

Double check that the division of the stitches are as follows:

27 (28) 32 (34) 35 (40) stitches (half back), 6 raglan stitches, 49 (51) 53 (57) 59 (63) stitches (sleeve), 6 raglan stitches, 52 (57) 59 (66) 71 (75) stitches (front), 6 raglan stitches, 49 (51) 53 (57) 59 (63) stitches (sleeve), 6 raglan stitches, 28 (29) 30 (35) 36 (38) stitches (half back).

BODY

You will now divide your work for body and sleeves. This means: You'll put the sleeve stitches to rest on a piece of yarn while the body is knitted. At the same time, you will cast on new stitches under the sleeves.

The raglan stitches (the purl 2, knit 2, purl 2 sequences), will all be a part of the body. You can remove the stitch marker when reaching them.

Now work in knit stitches until you reach your 2nd marker. Slip the next 49 (51) 53 (57) 59 (63) stitches to a stitch holder or a piece of yarn. Cast on 4 (4) 4 (4) 6 (6) new stitches on your needle (under the sleeve). Place a stitch marker in the middle of the new stitches. This is the beginning of the round for the rest of the work (instead of center back).

Continue working in knit stitches until your 6th marker. Slip the next 49 (51) 53 (57) 59 (63) stitches to a stitch holder or a piece of yarn, cast on 4 (4) 4 (4) 6 (6) new stitches (under the sleeve). Place a stitch marker in the middle of the new stitches, knit all stitches to the end of the round.

You have now joined the stitches for the body.

There are 139 (146) 153 (167) 178 (189) stitches on the needle.

Continue working in stockinette stitch until your work – measured under the armhole opening – is:

Regular version: 21 (23) 23 (23) 27 (27) cm

Short version: 12 (14) 13 (14) 16 (16) cm

Now switch to needle 5 mm (80 or 100 cm).

Before you start working the rib edge, you'll knit one round of decreases, if knitting size **XS, S, L** or **XL**.

The decreases are made to give you the correct number of stitches for your rib edge.

If knitting size **M** or **XXL**, knit one round of stockinette stitch.

Size **XS** and **L**: Knit in stockinette stitch until 1 stitch before your stitch marker (under the left sleeve). Remove the marker and k2tog. Continue in stockinette stitch to the end of the round.

Size **S** and **XL**: Knit in stockinette stitch until 1 stitch before your stitch marker (under the left sleeve). Remove the marker and k2tog. Continue in stockinette stitch right until 1 stitch before the beginning of the round. Remove the marker and k2tog. Put back the marker.

There are 138 (144) 153 (165) 177 (189) stitches on the needle.

You are now ready to knit the rib edge. Continue on needle 5 mm and knit 8 (8) 8 (9) 9 (9) cm's of rib *knit 2, purl 1 *. Repeat from *-* to the end of the round.

Cast off the remaining stitches in rib (knit over knit and purl over purl).

SLEEVES

Move the 49 (51) 53 (57) 59 (63) sleeve stitches from your piece of yarn / stitch holder to needle 7 mm.

The sleeves can either be done on double pointed needles or on circular needles with the magic loop method. Choose the type of needles you prefer.

Start under the sleeve and pick up 4 (4) 4 (4) 6 (6) new stitches (directly in the stitches under the sleeves). Place a stitch marker in the middle of the new stitches under the sleeve.

Now knit the sleeve in the round in stockinette stitch. There are 53 (55) 57 (61) 65 (69) stitches on the needle.

Continue knitting in stockinette stitch until your sleeve measures approx. 12 (13) 11 (10) 9 (10) cm measured underneath the armhole opening.

You'll now start working decreases on each side of the stitch marker. The decreases are made on every 5th round.

1st round: Knit 1, k2tog, knit in stockinette stitch until 3 stitches before your stitch marker, ssk, knit 1.

2nd – 5th round: Knit all stitches.

Repeat **1st-5th round** 8 (8) 9 (9) 10 (10) times in total.

The sleeve is now measuring approx. 33 (34) 35 (34) 35 (36) cm. There are 37 (39) 39 (43) 45 (49) stitches on the needle.

Before you start knitting the rib edge, please try on your sweater to make sure that the sleeve length fits you. Keep in mind that the rib edge will add another 8 (8) 8 (9) 9 (9) cm.

Change to needle 5 mm.

Knit 1 round of stockinette stitch.

Knit another round of stockinette stitch *while at the same time* decreasing 7 (6) 6 (7) 9 (10) stitches by k2tog evenly on the round.

To help figuring out where to place your decreases you can download the app 'Knitting Helper'.

There are 30 (33) 33 (36) 36 (39) stitches on the needle.

Work rib in the round for 8 (8) 8 (9) 9 (9) cm rib *knit 2, purl 1*.

Repeat from *-* to the end of the round.

Cast off the remaining stitches in rib (knit over knit and purl over purl).

Knit the other sleeve the same way.

ASSEMBLY

Fasten all stitches. Wash and block the sweater.

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