



Kip

- Sizes:** 1 (2, 3, 4, 5) (6, 7, 8, 9, 10)
- Finished chest circumference:** 98 (105.5, 116.5, 123.5, 134.5) (145.5, 156, 163.5, 174.5, 185.5)
cm/38.75 (41.5, 45.75, 48.75, 53) (57.25, 61.5, 64.5, 68.75, 73)
inches
- Yardage:** 827 (928, 1013, 1134, 1245) (1340, 1431, 1567, 1673, 1766)
meters/902 (1011, 1104, 1236, 1357) (1461, 1560, 1708, 1824,
1924) yards
- Gauge:** 22 stitches and 44 rows per 10 cm/4 inches in stitch pattern
- Suggested Needles:** 5mm [US8] and 3.5mm [US4] for ribbing



Creabea Knitting Podcast



@the.creabea
#TheCreabeaDesigns
#KipSweater



creabeadesigns@gmail.com

About

Kip is a drop-shoulder sweater, worked in a slip-stitch pattern which gives the look of Herringbone fabric. The back is shaped first, then the fronts are picked up and joined, and then the body is worked in the round. Sleeves are picked up and shaped; the cuffs, hem, and collar are finished with 1x1 rib.

Yarn

This pattern was knit in De Rerum Natura Ulysse [185 metres/50g]
Any yarn that meets gauge can be used in this pattern.

Sizing

Recommended ease is 8-20 cm/3.25-8 inches, this means you should pick a size that's between 8-20 cm/3.25-8 inches larger than your chest.

A - Finished Chest Measurement

98 (105.5, 116.5, 123.5, 134.5) (145.5, 156, 163.5, 174.5, 185.5) cm/38.75 (41.5, 45.75, 48.75, 53) (57.25, 61.5, 64.5, 68.75, 73) inches

B - Bicep Circumference

36.5 (36.5, 40, 43.5, 47.5) (51, 54.5, 58, 62, 62) cm/14.25 (14.25, 15.75, 17.25, 18.5) (20, 21.5, 23, 24.25, 24.25) inches

C - Armhole Depth

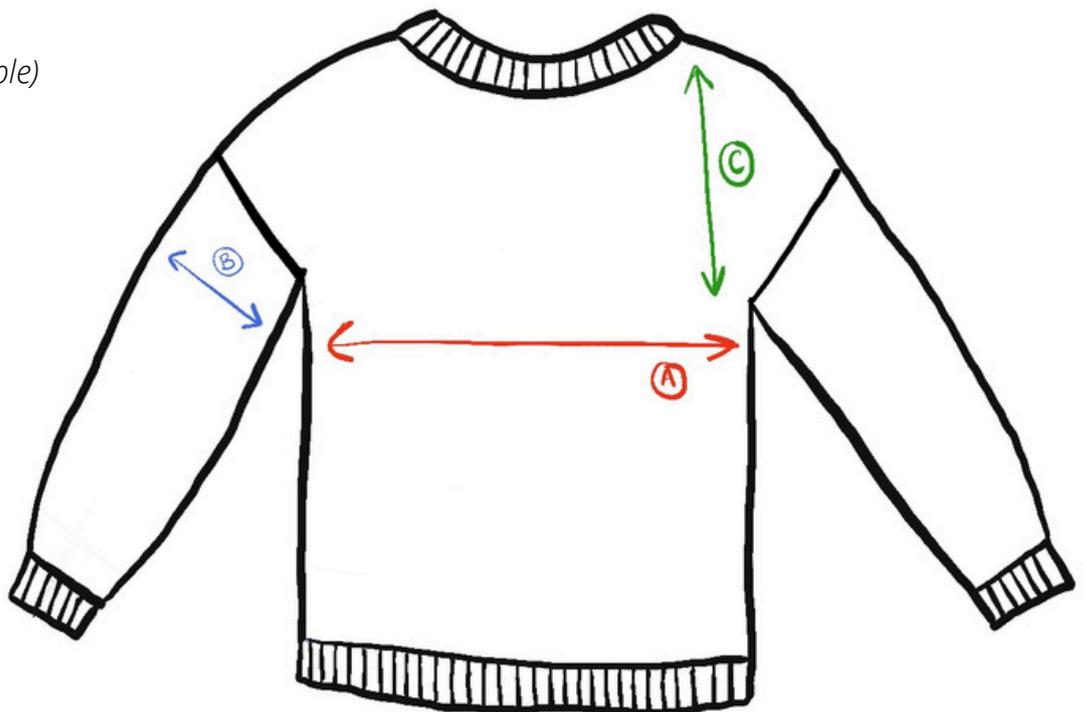
19 (19.5, 20.5, 21, 22) (23, 24, 24.5, 25, 25.5) cm/
7.5 (7.5, 8.25, 8.25, 8.75) (9, 9.5, 9.5, 10, 10) inches

Body Length (customisable)

35 cm/14 inches

Sleeve Length (customisable)

45 cm/17.75 inches



Stitch Pattern and Glossary

Stitch Pattern

The stitch pattern is worked by knitting 2 stitches and then slipping 2 stitches with the yarn in front (RS) and back (WS). The effect is achieved by moving where the slip stitches start. In each row the slipped stitches are moved left or right by 1 stitch. Each block is 19 rows of slips moving in one direction (e.g., 1 stitch left every row), then 19 rows of the slips moving the other way (e.g., 1 stitch right every row).

Stitch pattern worked flat over 4 stitches:

Row 1 (RS): K2, sl2wyif.

Row 2 (WS): P1, sl2wyib, p1.

Row 3 (RS): Sl2wyif, k2.

Row 4 (WS): Sl1wyib, p2, slwyib.

Repeat rows 1-4 for a total of 16 rows, then work rows 1-3 once more. THEN:

Row 1 (WS): P1, sl2wyib, p1.

Row 2 (RS): K2, sl2wyif.

Row 3 (WS): Slwyib, p2, slwyib.

Row 4 (RS): Sl2wyif, k2.

Repeat rows 1-4 for a total of 16 rows, then work rows 1-3 once more.

Stitch pattern worked in the round over 4 stitches:

Round 1: K2, sl2wyif.

Round 2: K1, sl2wyif, k1.

Round 3: Sl2wyif, k2.

Round 4: Slwyif, k2, sl1wyif.

Repeat rounds 1-4 for a total of 16 rounds, then work rounds 1-3 once more. THEN:

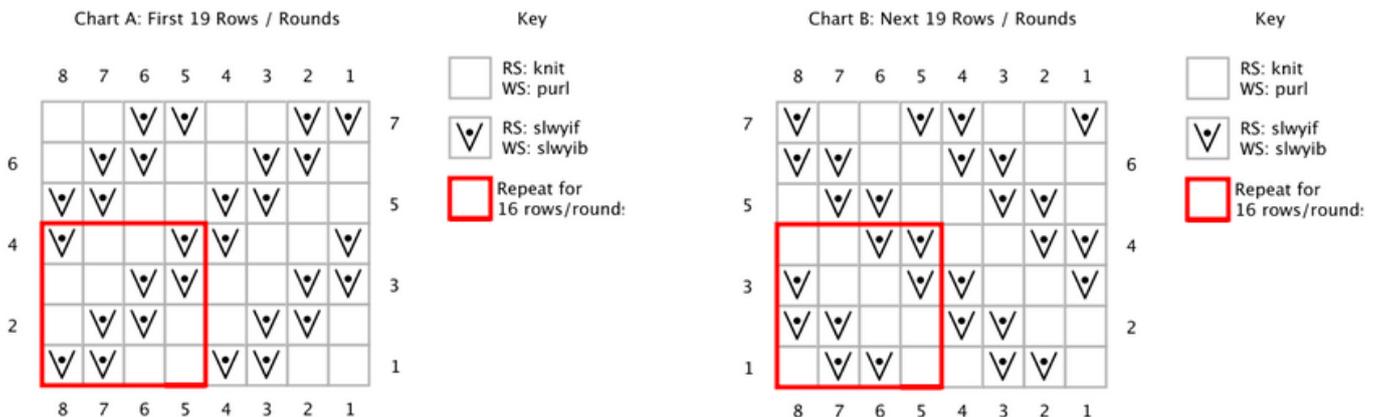
Round 1: K1, s2wyif, k1.

Round 2: K2, sl2wyif.

Round 3: Slwyif, k2, slwyif.

Round 4: Sl2wyif, k2.

Repeat rounds 1-4 for a total of 16 rounds, then work rounds 1-3 once more.



Abbreviations

BOR - beginning of round

DS - double stitch (German Short Rows)

k - knit

k2tog - knit two stitches together (1 stitch decreased)

M1L - make one left: insert left-hand needle from front to back under the bar between the stitches, knit this bar through the back loop. (1 stitch increased)

M1Lp - make one left purl: insert left-hand needle from front to back under the bar between the stitches, purl this bar through the back loop. (1 stitch increased)

M1R - make one right: insert the left-hand needle from back to front under the bar between the stitches, knit this bar through the front loop. (1 stitch increased)

M1Rp - make one right purl: insert left-hand needle from back to front under the bar between the stitches, purl this bar through the front loop. (1 stitch increased)

p - purl

RS - right side

slwyif - slip next stitch (purlwise) to your right needle, with the yarn held in front.

sl2wyif - slip next two stitches (purlwise) to your right needle, with the yarn held in front.

slwyib - slip next stitch (purlwise) to your right needle, with the yarn held in back.

sl2wyib - slip next two stitches (purlwise) to your right needle, with the yarn held in back.

sm - slip marker

ssk - slip, slip, knit (1 stitch decreased)

WS - wrong side

START HERE

Back

Using your larger needles and the backwards-loop method, cast on 40 (40, 44, 44, 48) (48, 48, 48, 52, 52) stitches. Purl one row.

You'll now begin working in the stitch pattern, whilst increasing on both right-side and wrong-side rows at either edge. The 2 edge stitches are worked in stockinette, not in pattern (knit RS, purl WS). As you increase, your newly-made stitches are incorporated into the stitch pattern. You'll work Chart A, then move to Chart B, and back to Chart A.

Row 1 (RS): K2, M1L, work in pattern, starting with stitch 3 of the stitch pattern, until 2 stitches remain, M1R, k2. (2 stitches increased)

Row 2 (WS): P2, M1Rp, work in pattern until 2 stitches remain, M1Lp, p2. (2 stitches increased)

Work rows 1 and 2 18 (18, 18, 18) (18, 20, 20, 20, 22) times.

NOTE: You won't always start on stitch 3 of the chart.

This is a total of 36 (36, 36, 36, 36) (36, 40, 40, 40, 44) rows. You will have increased by 72 (72, 72, 72, 72) (72, 80, 80, 80, 88) stitches and have a total of 112 (112, 116, 116, 120) (120, 128, 128, 132, 140) stitches on your needles. On the final row, place a locking stitch marker on the RS. You'll use this to count rows from as you work the back piece.

Now work the back panel for a total of 8.5 (11, 10.5, 10, 10) (10, 10.5, 10, 10, 10) cm/3.5 (4.25, 4, 4, 4) (4, 4, 4, 4, 4) inches from the stitch marker placed. You will maintain 1 edge stitch (knit RS, purled WS), but all other stitches are worked in pattern.

If you have met the pattern row gauge, this is a total of 38 (48, 46, 44, 44) (44, 46, 44, 44, 44) rows. End on a WS row. Take note of what row of the pattern you are on. At this point the back panel should be 16.5 (19, 18.5, 18, 18) (18, 19.5, 19, 19, 20) cm deep from the cast-on edge if you are meeting the 44 row/10 cm gauge.

If you are unsure whether you need to add or remove depth prior to armhole shaping, consider blocking the project to account for any growth.

The back will look deceptively short: this is intended. The shoulder seam sits fairly far down the back of the shoulder.

You will now shape the armhole with either increases or decreases. **Size 2** does not need to work any shaping and can proceed to All sizes.

Size 1 only:

The underarm is now shaped with decreases.

Row 1 (RS): K1, ssk, work in pattern until 3 stitches remain, k2tog, k1. (2 stitches decreased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, p1.

Work rows 1 and 2 a total of 4 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) times, for a total of 8 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) rows and 8 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) stitches decreased. You now have 104 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) stitches on your needles.

Size 1 can proceed to **All sizes**.

Instructions

Sizes 3-10 only:

The underarm is now shaped with increases.

Row 1 (RS): K1, M1L, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1R, k1. (2 stitches increased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, p1.

Work rows 1 and 2 - (-, 4, 4, 4) (4, 4, 4, 4, 4) times, for a total - (-, 8, 8, 8) (8, 8, 8, 8, 8) rows and - (-, 8, 8, 8) (8, 8, 8, 8, 8) stitches increased. You now have - (-, 124, 124, 128) (128, 136, 136, 140, 148) stitches on your needles.

Size 3 can proceed to **All sizes**.

Sizes 4-10 only:

You will continue to shape the underarm with every row increases.

Row 1 (RS): K1, M1L, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1R, k1. (2 stitches increased)

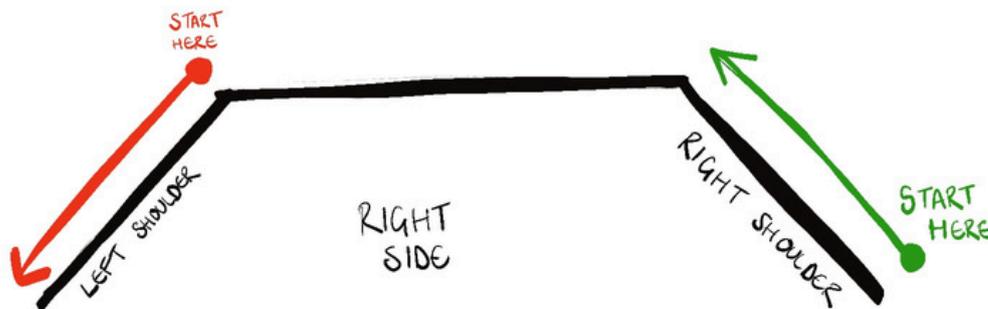
Row 2 (WS): P1, M1Rp, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1Lp, p1. (2 stitches increased)

Work rows 1 and 2 - (-, -, 2, 4) (6, 6, 8, 10, 10) times, for a total of - (-, -, 4, 8) (12, 12, 16, 20, 20) rows and - (-, -, 8, 16) (24, 24, 32, 40, 40) stitches increased. You now have - (-, -, 132, 144) (152, 160, 168, 180, 188) stitches on your needles.

All sizes:

Break yarn, place the back panel on hold.

Left Front



NOTE: The direction that your stitches travel in pattern of your first “stripe” on the shoulders must be the same direction as you started the back panel.

Using the short tail of your yarn, pick up 32 (32, 32, 32, 32) (32, 36, 36, 36, 40) stitches along the left shoulder. You should be ready to work a RS row. The first and last stitch of every row are not included in the stitch repeat, They’re knit on the RS and purled on the WS. This will leave the single stitch detail along the shoulder edge.

Starting at row 1, stitch 1 of the repeat, work 38 rows in pattern (2 full repeats), ending on a WS row. You will not work all stitches in pattern (e.g. if you have 32 stitches, 2 of them are edge stitches, you work 30 stitches in pattern which means you’ll finish on stitch 6 of the repeat).

Instructions

You'll now shape the neckline with increases at the neck edge.

Row 1 (RS): K1, M1R, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, k1. (1 stitch increased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, p1.

Work rows 1 and 2 12 times, for a total of 24 rows and 12 stitches increased. You now have 44 (44, 44, 44, 44) (44, 48, 48, 48, 52) stitches on your needles. Place the left front on hold, break yarn.

Right Front

NOTE: The direction that your stitches travel in pattern of your first "stripe" on the shoulders must be the same direction as you started the back panel.

Using the short tail of your yarn, pick up 32 (32, 32, 32, 32) (32, 36, 36, 36, 40) stitches along the right shoulder. You should be ready to work a RS row. This will leave the single stitch detail along the shoulder edge. Starting at row 1, stitch 1 of the repeat, work 38 rows in pattern (2 full repeats), ending on a WS row. The first and last stitch of every row are not included in the stitch repeat. They're knit on the RS and purled on the WS.

You'll now shape the neckline with increases at the neck edge.

Row 1 (RS): K1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1L, k1. (1 stitch increased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, p1.

Work rows 1 and 2 12 times, for a total of 24 rows and 12 stitches increased. You now have 44 (44, 44, 44, 44) (44, 48, 48, 48, 52) stitches on your needles.

Joining fronts

On the next row you will work across the right front, cast on stitches for the centre of the neck, and then work across the left front.

Next row (RS): K1, work across right front in pattern, incorporating the neckline-edge stitch into the stitch pattern, cast on 24 (24, 28, 28, 32) (32, 32, 32, 36, 36) stitches using the backwards-loop method, work across the left front in pattern until 1 stitch remains, k1.

You now have a total of 112 (112, 116, 116, 120) (120, 128, 128, 132, 140) stitches on your needles.

You'll now work 11 (13.5, 13, 12.5, 12.5) (12.5, 14, 13.5, 13.5, 14.5) cm/4.5 (5.25, 5, 5, 5) (5, 5.5, 5.25, 5.25, 5.75) inches. If you have met the pattern row gauge, this is a total of 49 (59, 57, 55, 55) (55, 61, 59, 59, 63) rows. Continue to work in the established stitch pattern, maintaining the edge stitch at the armhole edge. On the first row, you'll have to work the newly cast-on stitches as plain purls (no slipped stitches). You can incorporate them into the stitch pattern on the following row. You should be on the same row of the 38 row repeat that you were on before working the back underarm shaping (you took note of this row).

If you've added length to the back panel, you'll need to ensure you've mirrored that here.

Instructions

End on a WS row.

You will now shape the armhole with either increases or decreases. **Size 2** does not need to work any shaping and can proceed to joining the front and back.

Size 1 only:

The underarm is now shaped with decreases.

Row 1 (RS): K1, ssk, work in pattern until 3 stitches remain, k2tog, k1. (2 stitches decreased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, p1.

Work rows 1 and 2 a total of 4 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) times, for a total of 8 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) rows and 8 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) stitches decreased. You now have 104 (-, -, -, -) (-, -, -, -, -) stitches on your needles.

Size 1 can proceed to **All sizes**.

Sizes 3-10 only:

The underarm is now shaped with increases.

Row 1 (RS): K1, M1L, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1R, k1. (2 stitches increased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, p1.

Work rows 1 and 2 - (-, 4, 4, 4) (4, 4, 4, 4, 4) times, for a total - (-, 8, 8, 8) (8, 8, 8, 8, 8) rows and - (-, 8, 8, 8) (8, 8, 8, 8, 8) stitches increased. You now have - (-, 124, 124, 128) (128, 136, 136, 140, 148) stitches on your needles.

Size 3 can proceed to **Joining the front and back**.

Sizes 4-10 only:

You will continue to shape the underarm with every row increases.

Row 1 (RS): K1, M1L, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1R, k1. (2 stitches increased)

Row 2 (WS): P1, M1Rp, work in pattern until 1 stitch remains, M1Lp, p1. (2 stitches increased)

Work rows 1 and 2 - (-, -, 2, 4) (6, 6, 8, 10, 10) times, for a total of - (-, -, 4, 8) (12, 12, 16, 20, 20) rows and - (-, -, 8, 16) (24, 24, 32, 40, 40) stitches increased. You now have - (-, -, 132, 144) (152, 160, 168, 180, 188) stitches on your needles.

Joining the front and back

The work is now joined in the round.

Round 1: Work across the front in pattern, cast on 4 (4, 4, 4, 4) (8, 12, 12, 12, 16) stitches using the backwards-loop method, work across the back in pattern, cast on 4 (4, 4, 4, 4) (8, 12, 12, 12, 16) stitches using the backwards-loop method. Place a BOR marker.

You now have 216 (232, 256, 272, 296) (320, 344, 360, 384, 408) stitches on your needles.

Instructions

You can now work the body in the round, maintaining the 19-row repeat as you work.

NOTE: The first round after you come to your underarm cast-on stitches, you'll need to work these in stockinette. They can be incorporated from the second round. The pattern won't always line up at the BOR - simply start the new round of the repeat after the BOR.

Work until the body measures 30 cm/12 inches from the underarm.

Note: Depending on the size you're knitting, this may or may not line up with the end of a complete pattern repeat. If you'd like to finish the body on a complete repeat, you may want to work a few more or a few less rows to accommodate this.

Switch to your smaller needles and work one round in pattern.

Round 2: *K1, insert needle into the front of the second stitch on your right-hand needle by sliding the first stitch off and replacing the first stitch once the second stitch is transferred fully to the left needle, knit this stitch through the back loop; repeat from * to end.

See lateral braid video [here](#).

Round 3: *K1, p1; repeat from * to end.

Repeat round 3 until ribbing measures 5 cm/2 inches or desired length. Bind off in pattern or using preferred bind-off method.

Sleeves

Starting at the centre of the underarm and using your larger needles, pick up and knit 40 (40, 44, 48, 52) (56, 60, 64, 68, 68) stitches around one half of the armhole, place a marker, pick up and knit another 40 (40, 44, 48, 52) (56, 60, 64, 68, 68) stitches, place a BOR marker. You have a total of 80 (80, 88, 96, 104) (112, 120, 128, 136, 136) stitches on your needles. This is approximately one in every 2 stitches for Sizes 1-5 and three in every 5 stitches for Sizes 6-10.

Sleeve shaping

The sleeves are shaped with short rows. On some rows, you'll slip the DS: this is completely fine, just work it as a knit when the pattern repeat dictates.

Row 1 (RS): Work in pattern until the top-of-the-sleeve marker, sm, work 6 stitches past the marker, turn work.

Row 2 (WS): Make DS, work in pattern back to marker, sm, work 6 stitches past marker, turn.

Row 3 (RS & WS): Make DS, work in pattern to previous DS, work DS, work 6 stitches past DS, turn.

Work row 3 10 (10, 12, 12, 14) (16, 16, 18, 20, 20) times total. You should have 5 (5, 6, 6, 7) (8, 8, 9, 10, 10) DS on one side of the top-of-the-sleeve marker and 6 (6, 7, 7, 8) (9, 9, 10, 11, 11) DS on the other. You'll make one more DS on the next row so that you have the same number of DS on each side of the top-of-the-sleeve marker.

Instructions

Next row (RS): Make DS, work in pattern to BOR marker, removing the top-of-the-sleeve marker as you go.

The sleeve is now worked in the round in pattern.

NOTE: You may not complete a full chart repeat on each row.

The above short rows are counted in the pattern repeat, so continue working in the pattern you have established.

Continue working until your sleeve measures 40 cm/15.75 inches. AT THE SAME TIME, work a decrease round every 2 cm/0.75 inches a total of 0 (0, 2, 4, 8) (10, 14, 16, 18, 18) times.

NOTE: As written, your sleeve will have approximately 22.5-24 cm/8.75-9.5 inch positive ease in the sleeve right before the cuff. The ribbing on the cuff will pull this in further. If you wish to have a snugger cuff, you will want to work additional sleeve decreases spaced evenly down the sleeve. Each additional decrease will reduce the sleeve circumference by 0.9 cm/0.36 inches.

Decrease round: K1, k2tog, work in pattern until 3 stitches remain, ssk, k1. (2 stitches decreased)

You should now have a total of 80 (80, 84, 88, 88) (92, 92, 96, 100, 100) stitches.

Change to your smaller needles.

Round 1: *K1, insert needle into the front of the second stitch on your right-hand needle by sliding the first stitch off and replacing the first stitch once the second stitch is transferred fully to the left needle, knit this stitch through the back loop; repeat from * to end.

See lateral braid video [here](#).

Round 2: *K1, p1; repeat from * to end.

Repeat round 2 until ribbing measures 5 cm/2 inches or desired length. Bind off in pattern or using your preferred bind-off method.

Work the second sleeve the same.

Collar

Folded Collar

Using your larger needles and starting at the back right neck (where the shoulder detail stitch is), pick up and knit 2 in every 3 stitches along the back neck, 2 in 3 stitches along the left edge, 2 in every 3 along the front neck and 2 in every 3 along the right edge. Ensure you have an even number of stitches. Place a BOR marker, switch to your smaller needles.

Round 1 sets up the neck edge detailing (this is a lateral braid).

Round 1: *K1, insert needle into the front of the second stitch on your right-hand needle by sliding the first stitch off and replacing the first stitch once the second stitch is transferred fully to the left needle, knit this stitch through the back loop; repeat from * to end.

See lateral braid video [here](#).

Round 2: *K1, p1; repeat from * to end.

Repeat round 2 until your collar measures 9 cm/3.5 inches. This collar will be folded, if you'd prefer it not folded, simply work until the collar measures 4.5 cm/2 inches and bind off in pattern or using your preferred bind-off method.

Fold the collar stitches over and ensure they're not twisted. Secure them to the cast-on edge on the inside by either knitting one live stitch together with one stitch from the cast-on edge or by binding off and sewing the neckband down.

Single collar

Using your larger needles and starting at the back right neck (where the shoulder detail stitch is), pick up and knit 2 in every 5 stitches along the back neck, 2 in 3 stitches along the left edge, 2 in every 3 along the front neck and 2 in every 3 along the right edge. Ensure you have an even number of stitches. Place a BOR marker and switch to your smaller needles.

Round 1 sets up the neck edge detailing (this is a lateral braid).

Round 1: *K1, insert needle into the front of the second stitch on your right-hand needle by sliding the first stitch off and replacing the first stitch once the second stitch is transferred fully to the left needle, knit this stitch through the back loop; repeat from * to end.

See lateral braid video [here](#).

Round 2: *K1, p1; repeat from * to end.

Repeat round 2 until your collar measures 9 cm/3.5 inches. This collar will be folded, if you'd prefer it not folded, simply work until the collar measures 4.5 cm/1.75 inches and bind off in pattern or using your preferred bind-off method.

Finishing

Wet block your garment and sew in any loose ends.