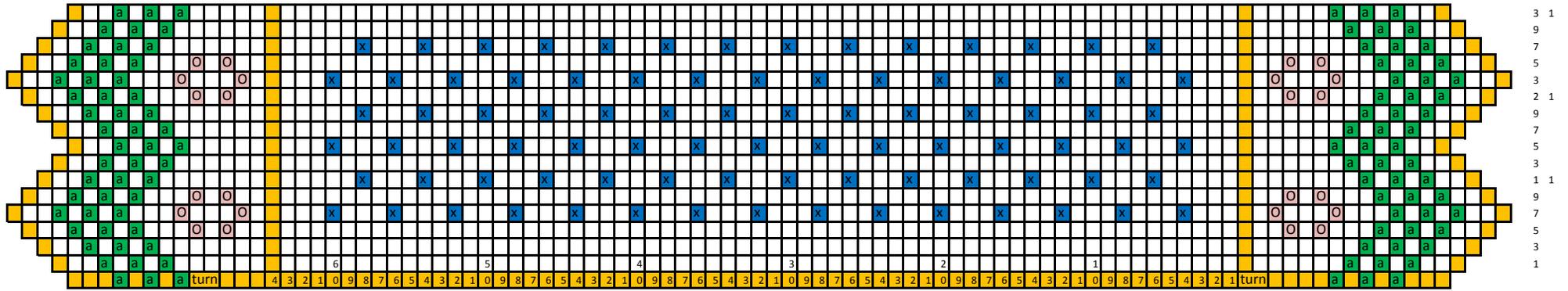
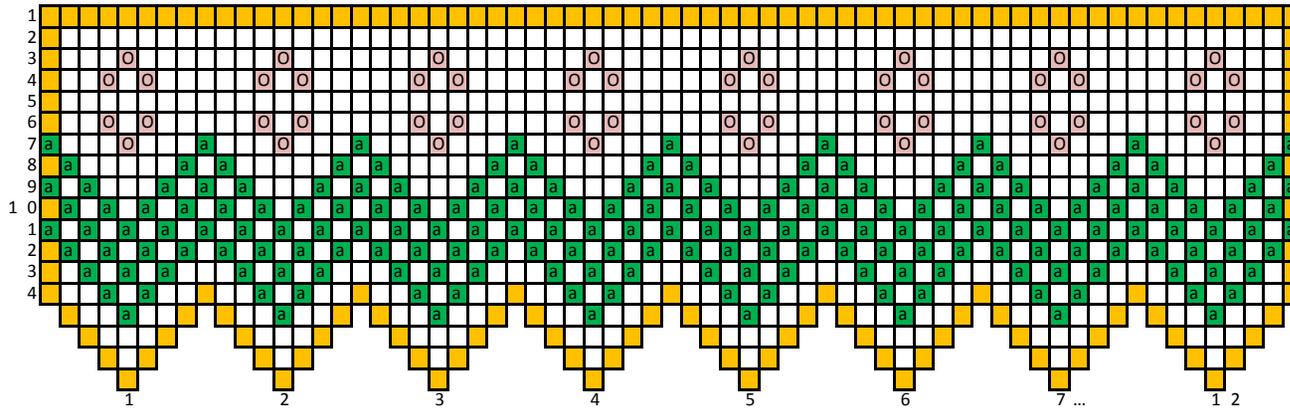


main chart



row marked in orange is the row where you will pick up the stitches for the body of the shawl

Teeth



holes stitches

- knit
- k2tog
- k3tog
- yarn over

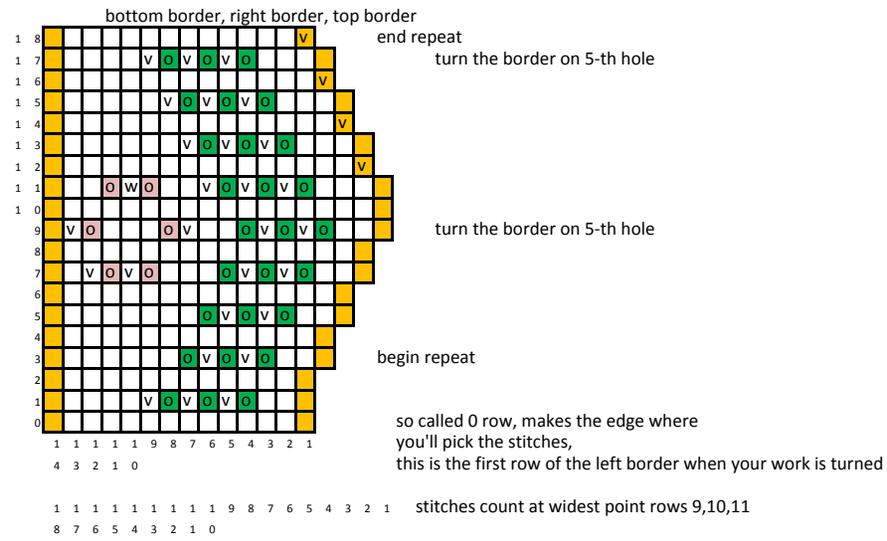
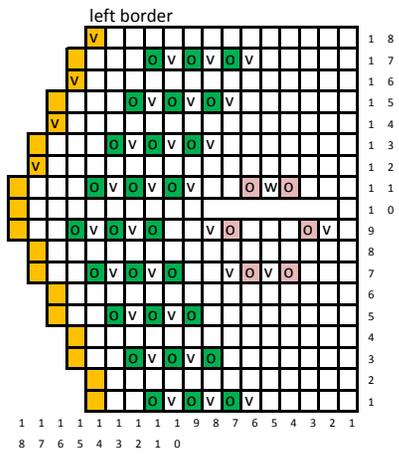
different types of YO based patterns

these patterns have yarn over and k2tog(k3tog when in chains or nets) only in odd rows, even rows are knit

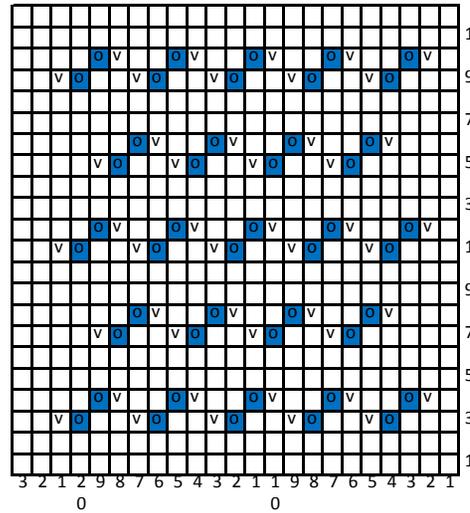
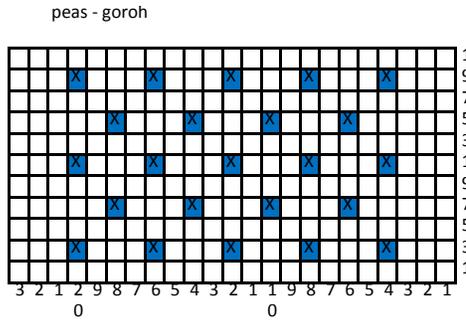
- millet
- diagonals
- strawberry

these patterns are knit with yo and k2tog in both odd and even rows, they take 4 rows

- peas



Detailed charts



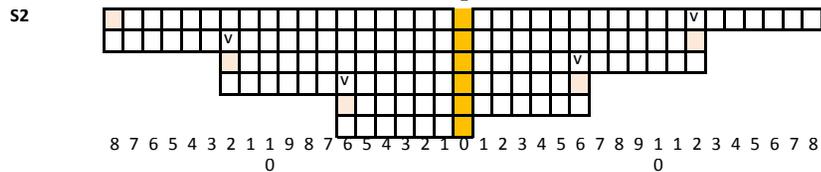
holes

stitches



- placed middle marker. Knit this stitch
- slip this stitch purlwise
- knit
- k2tog. Knit together the stitch of the current row and the next (you will be knitting the last stitch of your previous short row and the following stitch, forms nice smooth fabric this way)

middle of the shawl: stitch 31



- 1 8
- 1 7
- 1 6
- 1 5
- 1 4
- 1 3

Description

Make 12 teeth ribbon and turn left and right bottom corners of the shawl same way as it's described in the full size shawl pattern.

Place a marker after the last stitch of the right teeth ribbon and another before the first stitch of the left teeth ribbon. This marks the body of the shawl.

From the main layout chart you notice the width of the straight part of the shawl equals to 8 teeth. We have made 12 teeth ribbon to make the crescent shape.

If we would not allow the extra knitted fabric, we would not be able to block the shawl so the bottom curves as a crescent nicely. It would pull too much at the bottom edge.

We have picked every stitch from the side of our bottom teeth ribbon. We have $12 \cdot 8 - 1 = 95$ stitches in the row between the markers.

Our straight piece is $8 \cdot 8 - 1 = 63$ stitches wide. In the chart we count our last body stitch as the part of the left teeth ribbon.

It means we need to decrease our fabric width by $95 - 63 = 32$ stitches between the markers. We have 3 odd rows to place the decreases.

We do it like so:

If we have made 12 decreases.

k2tog, k2tog, k2tog, (knit 9 stitches, k2tog) repeat 7 times, knit 9, k2tog, k2tog

if we have made 12 decreases.

k2tog, k2tog, k2tog, (knit 9 stitches, k2tog) repeat 6 times, knit 6k, 2tog, k2tog, k2tog

in row 5 we need to place decreases so we have 63 stitches between the markers.

K2tog, k2tog, k2tog, knit 10, k2tog, knit 17, k2tog, knit 17, k2tog, knit 10, k2tog, k2tog, k2tog

Row 7 is our pattern set up row. We set up the net of peas.

After the right marker we knit 3, (yo, k2tog, knit 2), repeat this to the left marker (after the last k2tog there will be 2 stitches left before the marker, knit them)

We have 15 peas elements started. Knit peas according to the peas chart.

We start working the short rows chart at row 31