



JÄRBO

93015





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SIGNAL – YOKED PULLOVER

Signal is a warm and cozy yoked pullover with that little something extra of pattern knitting. Knit it to be spring-like, with closely matching nuances for a lively look or choose colors with a higher contrast so the pattern stands out more. The sweater is worked from the top down with short rows after the yoke pattern.

YARN Alpaca (100% alpaca, 109 yd/100 m / 50 g)

ALTERNATE YARN SUGGESTIONS

Alpe (100% wool, 109 yd/100 m / 50 g)

Select no. 6 (100% Swedish wool, 197 yd/180 m / 100 g)

GAUGE Approx. 20 sts x 28 rows/rnds in stockinette on larger size needles = 4 x 4 in / 10 x 10 cm.

Adjust needle size to obtain correct gauge if necessary.

SIZES XS (S, M, L, XL, 2XL, 3XL, 4XL)

GARMENT CHEST Approx. 39 (41, 43¾, 46½, 49¾, 55¼, 59¾, 63¾) in / 99 (104, 111, 118, 126, 140, 152, 162) cm

POSITIVE EASE Approx. 6-8 in / 15-20 cm

GARMENT LENGTH Approx. 19¼ (19¾, 21, 21¼, 21¾, 22, 22, 22½) in / 49 (50, 53, 54, 55, 56, 56, 57) cm

GARMENT SLEEVE LENGTH Approx. 20 (20, 20½, 20½, 21, 21, 21, 21) in / 51 (51, 52, 52, 53, 53, 53, 53) cm

YARN AMOUNTS AND COLORS

Color 1: Approx. 100 (100, 120, 150, 150, 170, 200, 200) g (color 29325, Orange Inferno)

Color 2: Approx. 500 (500, 550, 550, 600, 650, 700, 700) g (color 29301, Beige Sepia)

NEEDLES U. S. sizes 4 and 6 / 3.5 and 4 mm: circulars 32-40 in / 80-100 cm

NOTIONS stitch markers

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY Experienced

DESIGNER Agnes Brandels

STITCHES AND TECHNIQUES

M1L = make 1 left: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from front to back and knit into back loop = left-leaning increase.

Popcorn Stitch

Knit into front, then back of same stitch twice before dropping stitch from left needle. Slip the 4 new stitches back onto left needle and knit them together through back loops.

German Short Rows: Double st (DS): The double stitch or German short rows is a turning method that does not leave holes at each turn. Work to st where work will be turned. Sl 1 purlwise wyf, firmly pull yarn backwards over right needle so you flip st and have 2 stitch legs or a double stitch (DS) on the needle; work rem sts on needle.

After working the specified number of short rows, you will join the double sts one at a time. Work to

1st DS, knit or purl it in pattern, catching both legs of DS to make 1 st.

It will help you keep track of the double sts if you place a marker at each so you can count them and minimize the danger of missing one as you continue knitting.

For more help, see the video on Järbo's youtube channel: <https://youtu.be/Sn28lla3W9s>.

NECKBAND

With smaller size circular and color 1, CO 94 (100, 104, 110, 114, 120, 120, 124) sts. Join, being careful not to twist cast-on row; pm for beginning of rnd. Work around in k1, p1 ribbing for approx. 4 in / 10 cm. On the last rnd, increase 1 (0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1) st after first st. **NOTE** All increases in this pattern are worked with M1L unless otherwise specified.

YOKE

Change to larger size circular and begin working



following chart. After completing charted rows, there are 266 (280, 294, 308, 322, 336, 336, 350) sts on yoke. On the next rnd, increase 0 (0, 0, 0, 4, 20, 30, 30) sts evenly spaced around. Continue knitting around until yoke measures approx. 8¼ (8¾, 9, 9½, 9¾, 9¾, 9¾, 9¾) in / 21 (22, 23, 24, 25, 25, 25, 25) cm.

SIZES 3XL AND 4XL: On the two largest sizes, increase 10 (20) sts evenly spaced around. Knit around for another ¾ in / 1 cm.

Now work three short rows to raise the back neck, using the German Short Row method (see Stitches and Techniques above).

Row 1 (RS): K81 (85, 89, 96, 102, 110, 116, 124); turn and work DS.

Row 2 (WS): Purl until 81 (85, 89, 96, 102, 110, 116, 124) sts past BOR marker, turn and DS.

Row 3: Knit until 5 sts past DS; turn and DS.

Row 4: Purl until 5 sts past DS; turn and DS.

Row 5: Knit until 4 sts past DS; turn and DS.

Row 6: Purl until 4 sts past DS; turn and DS.

Knit 1 rnd, working each DS as 1 st.

Now divide yoke for sleeves and body: K41 (44, 46, 48, 51, 58, 63, 68), CO 16 (16, 18, 20, 22, 22, 24, 24) sts for underarm; place next 50 (52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 60, 62) sts on a holder (right sleeve). K84 (88, 94, 100, 106, 120, 130, 140), CO 16 (16, 18, 20, 22, 22, 24, 24) sts for underarm; place next 50 (52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 60, 62) sts on a holder (left sleeve). K41 (44, 46, 48, 51, 58, 63, 68).

BODY

There are now 198 (208, 222, 236, 252, 280, 304, 324) sts for the body. Knit around in stockinette until body measures approx. 8¼ (8¼, 9, 9, 9½, 9½, 9¾) in / 21 (21, 23, 23, 23, 24, 24, 25) cm from underarms. Change to smaller size circular and work around in k1, p1 ribbing for approx. 2¾ in / 7 cm. BO using Italian bind-of method.

SLEEVES

Beginning at center of underarm, with color 1 and larger size circular (or dpn), pick up and knit 8 (8, 9, 10, 11, 11, 12, 12) sts, pick up and knit 1 st in gap between lower edge of armhole and held sleeve sts. Place held sts on needle and k50 (52, 54, 56, 58, 60,

60, 62), pick up and knit 1 st in gap between lower edge of armhole and sleeve sts. End by picking up and knitting 8 (8, 9, 10, 11, 11, 12, 12) sts along underarm. Pm for beginning of rnd. Knit around in stockinette for approx. 4 in / 10 cm.

Now work:

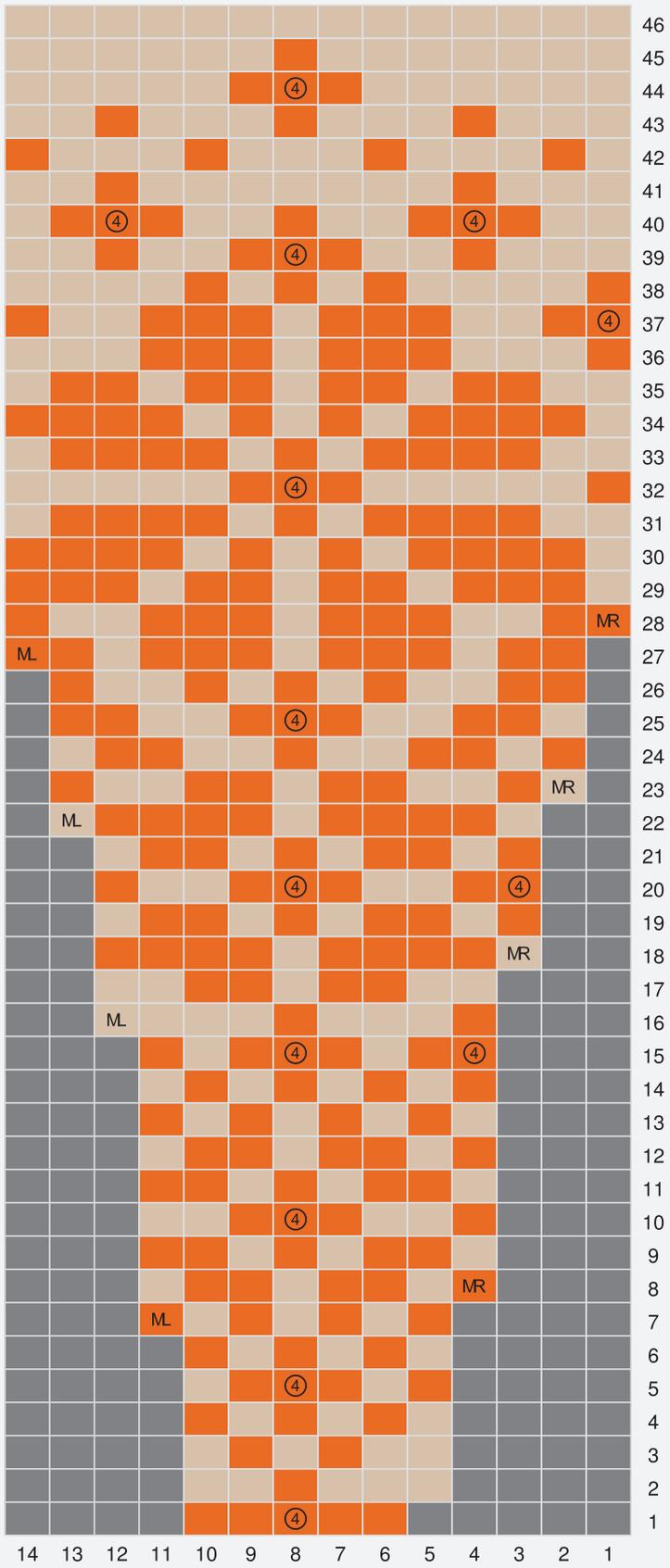
Decrease Rnd: K1, k2tog, knit until 3 sts rem, ssk, k1.

Repeat the decrease rnd approx. every 1¼ (1¼, ¾, ¾, ¾, ¾, ¾) in / 3 (3, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2) cm, a total of 9 (10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16) times = 50 (50, 52, 52, 54, 54, 56, 56) sts rem. Continue without further decreasing until sleeve measures approx. 17¼ (17¼, 17¾, 17¾, 18¼, 18¼, 18¼, 18¼, 18¼) in / 44 (44, 45, 45, 46, 46, 46, 46) cm or 2¾ in / 7 cm from desired total sleeve length. Change to smaller size needles and work around in k1, p1 ribbing for approx. 2¾ in / 7 cm. BO using Italian bind-of method.

Make second sleeve the same way.

FINISHING

Weave in all ends neatly on WS. Block by dampening sweater, preferably from a spray bottle. Roll in a towel to absorb excess water. Lay flat to dry, patted out to finished measurements.



- color 1
- color 2
- 4 Popcorn stitch
- M M1L
- MR M1R
- No stitch





TIPS & SHORTCUTS

To avoid questions: Before you begin knitting, read through the pattern.

Stitch count: Always knit or crochet a gauge swatch as recommended in the pattern. If your stitch count doesn't match the gauge given in the pattern, try again with larger or smaller needles or hook. If your gauge doesn't match that in the pattern, your item will not be the correct size or shape.

Highlight the size you will knit or crochet throughout the pattern to make it easier to follow the instructions.

Charts: It will be easier to follow a chart if you mark your row with a ruler and magnetic board or sticky note.

Ease: The amount of ease included in our garments varies depending on the type and shape of the garment. To determine the right size, we recommend that you first measure your body. Then you can calculate the garment size depending on how much ease you want the garment to have. The schematics for each piece show all the garment measurements.

Two-color stranded knitting: When knitting more than 3-4 stitches of the same color, twist the color strands around each other on the wrong side to avoid long strands or "floats" on the back. If the yarns need to be twisted on several rows/rounds, make sure you do not stack the twists in the same place to prevent the yarns from showing through on the right side.

Tips för hand dyed yarn: Make sure you have enough yarn to complete your project. The colors may vary from time to time. To get a smooth color mix, you can alternate between two skeins: knit two rows from one and two rows from another skein.

ABBREVIATIONS

alt = alternately, **approx.** = approximately, **beg** = begin, **bl** = back loop, **BOR** = beginning of row/round, **cc** = contrasting color, **col** = color, **cont** = continue, **dec** = decrease, **EOR** = end of row/round, **fl** = front loop, **inc** = increase, **m** = marker, **mm** = millimeters, **mc** = main color, **patt** = pattern, **pm** = place marker, **rep** = repeat, **rnd(s)** = round/rounds, **RM** = remove marker, **RS** = right side, **sl** = slip, **sl m** = slip marker, **st(s)** = stitches, **tog** = together, **WS** = wrong side, **yo** = yarn over

KNITTING

BO = bind off, **cn** = cable needle, **CO** = cast on, **dpn(s)** = double-pointed needles, **g st** = garter stitch, **k1f&b** = knit in front and back loop of same stitch, **k** = knit (stitch), **k2tog** = knit two stitches together, **kw** = knitwise, **LH** = left hand needle, **p** = purl (stitch), **pw** = purlwise, **RH** = right hand needle, **ssk** = slip, slip, knit, **St st** = stockinette/stocking stitch, **wyib** = with yarn in back, **wyif** = with yarn in front

CROCHETING

ch = chain stitch, **dc** = double crochet, **dtr** = double treble crochet, **hdc** = half double crochet, **htr** = half treble crochet, **sc** = single crochet, **sl st** = slip stitch, **tr** = treble crochet, **tr tr** = triple treble crochet

DIFFICULTY

Beginner: Anyone with no experience knitting/crocheting. Easy techniques and clear explanations.

Adventurous Beginner: For a beginner ready to take the next step. Clear explanations so you can try some new techniques.

Intermediate: Anyone who has knitted/crocheted for a while but who wants a challenge. More advanced techniques and two steps occur at the same time.

Experienced: For experienced knitters/crocheters who have already tried many techniques and methods. Advanced/uncommon techniques and several steps occur simultaneously.