



JÄRBO

92753



Slåtter – Men's T-shirt

Knit an easy-to-wear all the time t-shirt– on the job and when at leisure. Slåtter is the Swedish word for haymaking.

YARN Nova Eko (100% cotton, 186 yd/170 m / 50 g)

ALTERNATE YARN SUGGESTIONS

Järbo 8/4 (100% cotton, 186 yd/170 m / 50 g)

Junior (70% premium acrylic, 30% polyamide, 183 yd/168 m / 50 g)

Mio (100% Merino wool, 191 yd/175 m / 50 g)

GAUGE Approx. 26 sts x 36 rows/rnds in stockinette on larger size needles = 4 x 4 in / 10 x 10 cm. Adjust needle size to obtain correct gauge if necessary.

SIZES XS (S, M, L, XL, 2XL, 3XL, 4XL)

GARMENT CHEST Approx. 36¾ (37¾, 40¼, 42¼, 44½, 46½, 48¾, 50¾) in / 93 (96, 102, 107, 113, 118, 124, 129) cm

GARMENT LENGTH Approx. 22½ (23¼, 24¾, 25½, 26½, 27¼, 27½, 28¾) in / 57 (59, 63, 65, 67, 69, 70, 73) cm

YARN AMOUNTS AND COLORS

Approx. 250 (250, 250, 300, 300, 350, 350, 400) g (color 48228, Khaki Green)

NEEDLES U. S. sizes 1.5 and 2.5 / 2.5 and 3 mm: circulars 24 / 32 in (smaller size) / 60 / 80 cm (larger size)

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY ***

GARMENT CONSTRUCTION The t-shirt is worked from the top down. It begins back and forth for the top of back neck, shoulders, and neck shaping and then the body and sleeves are each worked separately in the round.

STITCHES AND TECHNIQUES

M1R = make 1 right, RS: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from back to front and knit into front loop = right-leaning increase.

M1R-p = make 1 right-purl, WS: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from back to front and purl into front loop = right-leaning increase.

M1L = make 1 left, RS: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from front to back and knit into back loop = left-leaning increase.

M1L-p = make 1 left-purl, WS: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from front to back and purl into back loop = left-leaning increase.

T-SHIRT

With larger size circular, CO 73 (75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87) sts. Work back and forth in stockinette, beginning with a WS row.

After first row, divide work for front, shoulders, and back as follows:

Count 1 st (= left front), pm1.

Count 18 sts (= left shoulder/all sizes), pm2.

Count 35 (37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49) sts (= back), pm3.

Count 18 sts (= right shoulder/all sizes), pm4.

1 st rem (= right front).

Work back and forth in stockinette, and, *at the same time*, increase at shoulders on **every** row, both RS and WS.

NOTE The markers are moved on every row/increase, so that, throughout, they mark each side of the 18 sts for each shoulder.

Row 1 (RS): Knit to m1, M1R, knit 18 sts for left shoulder, M1L, knit across back to m3, M1R, knit 18 sts of right shoulder, M1L, knit to end of row = 4 sts increased.

Row 2 (WS): Purl to m4, M1R-p, purl 18 sts for right shoulder, M1L-p, purl across back to m2, M1R-p, purl 18 sts of left shoulder, M1L-p, purl to end of row = 4 sts increased.

Rep these 2 rows a total of 10 times = 20 rows total = 80 sts increased (all sizes) = 153 (155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167) sts divided as:

21 sts (= left front/all sizes),

18 sts (= left shoulder/all sizes),

75 (77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89) sts (= back),

18 sts (= right shoulder/all sizes),

21 sts (= right front/all sizes).

Continue increasing at shoulder on **both RS and WS rows as before**, but now also **increase on RS rows at beginning and end of row for neck shaping:** K1, M1L, knit and increase as est until 1 st rem, M1R, k1 = 6 sts increased.

On WS rows, increase 4 sts.

So, now, when both RS and WS rows are worked, a total of 10 sts have been increased.

Rep these 2 rows a total of 4 (4, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7) times = 40 (40, 50, 50, 60, 60, 70, 70) sts increased;

= 193 (195, 207, 209, 221, 223, 235, 237) sts divided as:
33 (33, 36, 36, 39, 39, 42, 42) sts (= left front),
18 sts (= left shoulder/all sizes),
91 (93, 99, 101, 107, 109, 115, 117) sts (= back),
18 sts (= right shoulder/all sizes),
33 (33, 36, 36, 39, 39, 42, 42) sts (= right front).

Now the increases on the shoulders are finished. Instead, the increases will be worked on the sleeves so the 18 sts at each shoulder will increase. The increases to shape neck at the beginning and end of the row continue as est.

The increases for the sleeves are worked on the opposite sides of markers 1, 2, 3, and 4 and are worked **only** on RS rows.

Row 1 (RS):

K1, M1L, knit to m1, sl m1 to right needle, M1L.
Kni sleeve sts, M1R, sl m2 to right needle.
Knit sts on back to m3, sl m3 to right needle, M1L.
Knit sleeve sts, M1R, sl m4 to right needle.
Knit until 1 st rem, M1R, k1 = 6 sts increased.

Row 2 (WS): Purl all sts and increases.

Rep these 2 rows a total of 4 times = 24 sts increased (all sizes);

= 217 (219, 231, 233, 245, 247, 259, 261) sts divided as:
37 (37, 40, 40, 43, 43, 46, 46) sts (= left front),
26 sts (= left sleeve/all sizes),
91 (93, 99, 101, 107, 109, 115, 117) sts (= back),
26 sts (= right sleeve/all sizes),
37 (37, 40, 40, 43, 43, 46, 46) sts (= right front).

As an elongation of next row, CO sts for neck so the yoke can now be knitted in the round:

K1, M1L (= neck increase), knit to m1, sl m1 to right needle, M1L, knit sleeve sts, M1R, sl m2 to right needle, knit to m3, sl m3 to right needle, M1L, knit sleeve sts, M1R, sl m4 to right needle, knit until 1 st rem, M1R (neck increase), k1, backwards loop CO 15 (17, 17, 19, 19, 21, 21, 23) sts and join to work in the round. Knit to m1 at left sleeve = 238 (242, 254, 258, 270, 274, 286, 290) sts with 91 (93, 99, 101, 107, 109, 115, 117) sts each for front and back and 28 sts for each sleeve.

m1 = beginning of rnd (bor).

Continue around in stockinette.

Knit 1 rnd without any increases.

Continue increasing at sleeves as follows:

Rnd 1: Sl m1 to right needle, M1L, knit left sleeve sts, M1R, sl m2 to right needle, knit across back to m3, sl m3 to right needle, M1L, knit right sleeve sts, M1R, sl m4 to right needle, knit front sts to beginning of rnd = 4 sts increased.

Rnd 2: Knit around.

Rep these 2 rnds a total of 14 (15, 16, 17, 17, 18, 18, 19) times = 56 (60, 64, 68, 68, 72, 72, 76) sts increased

= 292 (300, 318, 326, 340, 348, 360, 368) sts, divided as:

56 (58, 60, 62, 62, 64, 64, 66) sts for each sleeve and
91 (93, 99, 101, 107, 109, 115, 117) sts each for front and back.

Now begin raglan increases on both body and sleeves.

Rnd 1: Sl m1 to right needle, M1L, knit left sleeve sts, M1R, sl m2 to right needle, k1, M1L, knit until 1 st rem before m3, M1R, k1, sl m3 to right needle, M1L, knit right sleeve sts, M1R, sl m4 to right needle, k1, M1L, knit until 1 st rem before m1, M1R, k1 = 8 sts increased.

Rnd 2: Knit around.

Rep these 2 rnds a total of 10 (11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17) times = 80 (88, 96, 104, 112, 120, 128, 136) sts increased

= 372 (388, 414, 430, 452, 468, 488, 504) sts, divided as:

110 (114, 123, 127, 136, 140, 148, 152) sts each for front and back and
76 (80, 84, 88, 90, 94, 96, 100) sts for each sleeve.

Divide body and sleeves:

K1 (= raglan m1), place the 76 (80, 84, 88, 90, 94, 96, 100) sts of left sleeve on a holder.

Backwards loop CO 10 (10, 10, 12, 12, 14, 14, 16) sts for underarm.

Knit sts of back from raglan m2 to raglan m3.

Place the 76 (80, 84, 88, 90, 94, 96, 100) sts of right sleeve on a holder.
Backwards loop CO 10 (10, 10, 12, 12, 14, 14, 16) sts for underarm.
Knit front sts to raglan m1 = 240 (248, 266, 278, 296, 308, 324, 336) sts rem for body.

Knit without any further increases until body measures 10¾ (11, 11½, 11¾, 12¼, 12¾, 13, 13½) in / 27 (28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34) cm from underarm cast-on.

Change to smaller size circular. Purl 1 rnd, knit 9 (9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 11, 11) rnds, purl 1 rnd (= foldline), knit 8 (8, 8, 9, 9, 9, 10, 10) rnds. BO, making sure bind-off is not too tight.

SLEEVES

Place sleeve sts on larger size circular. Knit around, and, *at the same time*, pick up and knit 12 (12, 12, 14, 14, 16, 16, 18) sts along the 10 (10, 10, 12, 12, 14, 14, 16) sts cast-on for underarm = 1 st for each st + 1 st on each side of these = 88 (92, 96, 102, 104, 110, 112, 118) sts.

Knit 2 (2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5) rnds and then change to smaller size circular.

Purl 1 rnd.

Knit 9 (9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 11, 11) rnds, purl 1 rnd (= foldline), knit 8 (8, 8, 9, 9, 9, 10, 10) rnds. BO, making sure bind-off is not too tight.

NECKBAND

With smaller size circular, attach yarn at back left shoulder and pick up and knit 146 (150, 154, 154, 158, 158, 162, 162) sts around neck = approx. 1 st for every st and 3 sts for every 4 rows.

Purl 1 rnd.

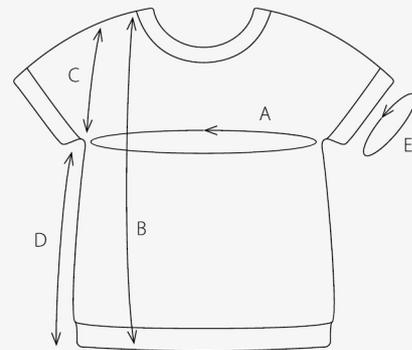
Knit 9 (9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 11, 11) rnds, purl 1 rnd (= foldline), knit 9 (9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 11, 11) rnds. BO, making sure bind-off is not too tight.

Fold neckband at foldline and sew down on WS to cast-on row.

Fold sleeve and lower edge facings in to WS and sew down with whip stitch on 1st rnd below the first purl rnd.

Weave in all ends neatly on WS.

Gently steam press garment on WS under a damp pressing cloth.



A ≈ 93 (96) 102 (107) 113 (118) 124 (129) cm
 B ≈ 57 (59) 63 (65) 67 (69) 70 (73) cm
 C ≈ 27 (28) 31 (32) 33 (34) 34 (36) cm
 D ≈ 30 (32) 32 (33) 34 (35) 36 (37) cm
 E ≈ 34 (35) 37 (39) 40 (42) 43 (45) cm

Tips & Shortcuts

To avoid questions: Before you begin knitting, read through the pattern.

Stitch count: Always knit or crochet a gauge swatch as recommended in the pattern. If your stitch count doesn't match the gauge given in the pattern, try again with larger or smaller needles or hook. If your gauge doesn't match that in the pattern, your item will not be the correct size or shape.

Highlight the size you will knit or crochet throughout the pattern to make it easier to follow the instructions.

Charts: It will be easier to follow a chart if you mark your row with a ruler and magnetic board or sticky note.

Ease: The amount of ease included in our garments varies depending on the type and shape of the garment. To determine the right size, we recommend that you first measure your body. Then you can calculate the garment size depending on how much ease you want the garment to have. The schematics for each piece show all the garment measurements.

Two-color stranded knitting: When knitting more than 3-4 stitches of the same color, twist the color strands around each other on the wrong side to avoid long strands or "floats" on the back. If the yarns need to be twisted on several rows/rounds, make sure you do not stack the twists in the same place to prevent the yarns from showing through on the right side.

Yarn alternative: Please be aware that the gauge (tension), yarn quantity and the shape of the work varies if you use another yarn (even in the same yarn group).

Tips för hand dyed yarn: Make sure you have enough yarn to complete your project. The colors may vary from time to time. To get a smooth color mix, you can alternate between two skeins: knit two rows from one and two rows from another skein.

Abbreviations

KNITTING

alt = alternately, **approx.** = approximately, **beg** = begin, **bl** = back loop, **BO** = bind off, **cc** = contrasting color, **cn** = cable needle, **CO** = cast on, **col** = color, **cont** = continue, **dec** = decrease, **dpn(s)** = double-pointed needles, **EOR** = end of row/round, **fl** = front loop, **g st** = garter stitch, **inc** = increase, **k1f&b** = knit in front and back loop of same stitch, **k** = knit (stitch), **k2tog** = knit two stitches together (right-slanting decrease), **kw** = knitwise, **LH** = left hand needle, **m** = marker, **mm** = millimeters, **mc** = main color, **p** = purl (stitch), **patt** = pattern, **pm** = place marker, **pw** = purlwise, **rep** = repeat, **rnd(s)** = round/rounds, **RH** = right hand needle, **RM** = remove marker, **RS** = right side, **sl** = slip, **sl m** = slip marker, **ssk** = slip, slip, knit, **st(s)** = stitches, **St st** = stockinette/stocking stitch, **tog** = together, **WS** = wrong side, **wyib** = with yarn in back, **wyif** = with yarn in front, **yo** = yarn over

CROCHETING

approx. = approximately, **beg** = begin, **bl** = back loop, **ch** = chain stitch, **col** = color, **cont** = continue, **dc** = double crochet, **dec** = decrease, **dtr** = double treble crochet, **fl** = front loop, **hdc** = half double crochet, **htr** = half treble crochet, **inc** = increase, **m** = marker, **mc** = main color, **rep** = repeat, **rnd/rnds** = round/rounds, **RS** = right side, **sc** = single crochet, **sl st** = slip stitch, **sts** = stitches, **tog** = together, **tr** = treble crochet, **tr tr** = triple treble crochet, **WS** = wrong side, **yo** = yarn over