



Svarta Fåret

392889





# Detroit

## BRIOCHE JACKET

392889

**YARN** Ulrika Natur (100% wool, 109 yd/100 m / 50 g)

### ALTERNATE YARN SUGGESTIONS

Ulrika (100% superwash wool, 109 yd/100 m / 50 g)  
Tencel Blow (58% Tencel™ lyocell, 42% alpaca, 109 yd/100 m / 50 g)

**GAUGE** Approx. 18 sts x 36 rows in brioche st without yarnovers on larger size needles = 4 x 4 in / 10 x 10 cm unstretched.

Adjust needle size to obtain correct gauge if necessary.

**SIZES** XS (S, M, L, XL, 2XL, 3XL, 4XL)

**POSITIVE EASE** Approx 6 in / 15 cm

**GARMENT CHEST** Approx. 37½ (41, 43¾, 47¼, 51½, 56¾, 61, 66½) in / 95 (104, 111, 120, 131, 144, 155, 169) cm

**GARMENT LENGTH** Approx. 21¾ (21¾, 21¾, 23¾, 23¾, 23¾, 25½, 25½) in / 55 (55, 55, 60, 60, 60, 65, 65) cm

**GARMENT SLEEVE LENGTH** Approx. 15½ (15½, 16¼, 16¼, 16½, 16½, 17, 17) in / 39 (39, 41, 41, 42, 42, 43, 43) cm

**GARMENT UPPER ARM WIDTH** Approx. 14¼ (15½, 16¼, 17¾, 19¾, 21¼, 22½, 24) in / 36 (39, 41, 45, 50, 54, 57, 61) cm

### YARN AMOUNTS AND COLORS

Approx. 670 (720, 770, 860, 950, 1,060, 1,180, 1,300) g (color 327006, Chestnut Nature)

**NEEDLES** U. S. sizes 4 and 6 / 3.5 and 4 mm: 32-48 in / 80-120 cm circulars

**NOTIONS** 10 stitch markers, 6 buttons, approx. 1 in / 25-27 mm in diameter

**LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY** Intermediate

**DESIGNER** Sara Ottosson

This brioche-knit jacket is a somewhat shorter model with a collar and deep armholes. The garter stitch details and integrated I-cord along the edges add a stylish look that shines in all colors. The sides hide neat pockets and, because the whole jacket, except for the pockets, is knitted in one piece, there is very little finishing.

### STITCHES AND TECHNIQUES

See Tips and Shortcuts on the last page for common abbreviations and other useful information.

**K1b:** Knit 1 into stitch below

**Wyb:** With yarn held in back of work.

**Wyf:** With yarn held in front of work.

**Dec2R:** Right-leaning decrease in brioche, 2 sts decreased.

**Dec2L:** Left-leaning decrease in brioche, 2 sts decreased.

**Inc2L:** Left-leaning increase in brioche, 2 sts increased.

**Inc2R:** Right-leaning increase in brioche, 2 sts increased.

**M1R = make 1 right:** With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from back to front and knit into front loop = right-leaning increase.

**M1L = make 1 left:** With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from front to back and knit into back loop = left-leaning increase.

The jacket is worked in one piece, back and forth, from the top down in garter stitch and brioche (fisherman's rib version). The edges are finished with integrated I-cord. The collar is worked first and then the yoke, which is divided for body and sleeves. A bit further down, the body is divided into three separate sections to create holes for the side pockets. The body finishes with a garter stitch lower edge. The sleeves are worked back and forth and joined at the center of the underarms so that the garter stitch and brioche will match those patterns on the body. Finally, the upper and lower edges of the side holes for the pockets are sewn together. Stitches are then picked up and knitted for the pocket linings which are knitted around in stockinette.

### Stitches and Stitch Gauge

Keep in mind that, in brioche, every knit stitch is worked over two rows and, in garter stitch, every "ridge" consists of two rows. Brioche and garter stitch both have a tendency to stretch in length after blocking and with wear so we recommend that you have more rows per 4 in / 10 cm when you knit than given for the gauge at the beginning of the pattern. 36 rows per 4 in / 10 cm refers to the number of rows after blocking. The measurements in the instructions



are based on a somewhat tighter gauge (approx. 38 rows per 4 in / 10 cm) so the jacket can be blocked well. Don't be surprised if your jacket is shorter before blocking than the measurements given at the beginning of the pattern.

### Brioche without Yarnovers

Brioche without yarnovers (also called "fisherman's rib") is worked back and forth almost like k1, p1 ribbing except that all the knit stitches are worked in the row below. On the right side, each brioche section begins and ends with 1 knit stitch worked into the stitch below (k1b) and the wrong side begins and ends each brioche section with 1 purl stitch, as follows:

**RS Rows:** \*K1b, p1\*; rep \*-\* and end with k1b.

**WS Rows:** \*P1, k1b\*; rep \*-\* and end with p1.

Repeat the pattern rows, paying attention to the instructions about beginning on the wrong or right side.

**Video:** <https://youtu.be/8B3FZBCbq1A>

**Integrated I-cord:** The first and last 4 stitches of the row are used for an integrated I-cord, a neat edging. On right side rows, slip the first 4 stitches with yarn held in back. Tighten yarn before you continue knitting and knit the last 4 stitches.

On wrong side rows, slip the first 4 stitches with yarn held in front, tighten yarn before knitting, and purl the last 4 stitches.

**German Short Rows: Double st (DS):** The double stitch or German short rows is a turning method that does not leave holes at each turn. Work to st where work will be turned. Sl 1 purlwise wyf, firmly pull yarn backwards over right needle so you flip st and have 2 stitch legs or a double stitch (DS) on the needle; work rem sts on needle.

After working the specified number of short rows, you will join the double sts one at a time. Work to 1<sup>st</sup> DS, knit or purl it in pattern, catching both legs of DS to make 1 st.

It will help you keep track of the double sts if you place a marker at each so you can count them and minimize the danger of missing one as you continue knitting.

**Video:** <https://youtu.be/Sn28lla3W9s>.

**Buttonholes:** The buttonholes on the left front edge are worked over one row only and are very sturdy. When you work the I-cord and k4, do this: bring working yarn to the right side, slip 1, take working

yarn to wrong side, drop working yarn. Slip 1 stitch from left to right needle, pass the previous stitch over the slipped stitch = bind off; bind off another 2 stitches the same way. Move the last stitch back from right to left needle, turn work to wrong side and lay working yarn over. With right needle, pick up the yarn, draw it through the loop and place the loop on left needle = knitted cast-on. Cast on 3 more stitches the same way, BUT, before the last stitch is placed on left needle, bring working yarn between the needles, over the new stitch towards you, place the last stitch on the needle, turn work to right side. Slip the last stitch back from the bind-off on left to right needle, pass the last cast-on stitch over the slipped stitch = bind off 1 stitch. When the buttonhole is finished, continue working in pattern.

**Video:** <https://youtu.be/O7VWinRuTlo>

### Increasing in Brioche

**Left-leaning increase (Inc2L):** Pick up the yarn between the stitches with the left needle inserted from the front, knit the picked-up stitch through back loop WITHOUT slipping it off the needle, yarnover on right needle and then knit into the picked-up stitch through back loop once more. Now slip the stitch from the left needle. You have 3 new stitches on the right needle. On the wrong side, purl the first stitch and knit the yarnover with the next stitch.

**Right-leaning increase (Inc2R):** Pick up the yarn between the stitches with the left needle inserted from the back, knit the picked-up stitch WITHOUT slipping it off the needle, yarnover on right needle and then knit into the picked-up stitch once more. Now slip the stitch from the left needle. You have 3 new stitches on the right needle. On the wrong side, knit the first stitch with the yarnover and purl the last stitch.

**Video increases:** <https://youtu.be/H3WS1-kxbGY>

### Decreasing in Brioche

**Left-leaning decrease (Dec3L):** Slip the first stitch together with the stitch in the row below as if to knit, knit the next 2 stitches together, pass the slipped double stitch over the joined stitch.

**Right-leaning decrease (Dec3R):** Slip 1 stitch as if to knit, place stitch on left needle, knit 2 together through back loops. On the next stitch, lift stitch from row below onto left needle = the stitch is doubled, place the joined stitch back on left needle, pass the double stitch over the joined stitch with right needle, slip stitch back onto left needle.

**Video decreases:** <https://youtu.be/FkndZwhxSvA>



**Pockets:** The pockets are integrated into the body of the jacket and the pocket lining is worked afterwards. You'll find step-by-step instructions for the pockets within the pattern instructions. Click here for a link to videos showing each step:

[https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLbGI3EggUAs\\_ez3feVvYbn8K5thr\\_jjnUa](https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLbGI3EggUAs_ez3feVvYbn8K5thr_jjnUa)

### Three-Needle Bind-Off:

This technique is used to join the bottom of the pocket lining. Divide sts onto 2 dpn or circulars. With WS facing out (RS of each piece faces each other; if right sides face out, you will make a ridge on RS): Insert 3<sup>rd</sup> needle knitwise into 2 sts – the first st on each needle – and knit them together. \*K2tog with next pair of sts, pass first worked st on right needle over second;\* rep \* to \* until all sts have been bound off.

### Joining Garter Stitch with Kitchener Stitch

See video: <https://youtu.be/rRfVMyDhpZs>

## COLLAR

With smaller size circular and long-tail method, CO 117 (123, 123, 129, 129, 135, 135, 141) sts; turn work to WS. The WS will later be the side facing out, the outside of the collar.

Knit 4 rows in garter st with I-cord over the first 4 and last 4 sts (begin on WS). The last row is on RS.

**Decrease Row 1 (WS):** I-cord, k9 (7, 7, 9, 9, 7, 7, 5), \*k2tog, k9 (9, 9, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8)\*; rep \*-\* 8 (9, 9, 10, 10, 11, 11, 12) times, k2tog, k10 (7, 7, 10, 10, 8, 8, 6), I-cord = 108 (113, 113, 118, 118, 123, 123, 128) sts.

Work as est with I-cord edgings and garter st for 5 (7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9, 9) rows. End on RS.

**Decrease Row 2 (WS):** I-cord, k9 (6, 6, 9, 9, 7, 7, 5), \*k2tog, k8 (8, 8, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7)\*; rep \*-\* 8 (9, 9, 10, 10, 11, 11, 12) times, k2tog, k9 (7, 7, 9, 9, 7, 7, 5), I-cord = 99 (103, 103, 107, 107, 111, 111, 115) sts.

Work as est with I-cord edgings and garter st for 5 (7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9, 9) rows. End on RS.

Now work short rows to shape back neck of collar.

**Short Row 1 (WS):** Work I-cord and garter st until 8 sts rem on needle (4 sts + I-cord); turn.

**Short Row 2 (RS):** DS, knit until 8 sts rem on needle (4

sts + I-cord); turn.

**Short Row 3 (WS):** DS, knit until 4 sts before previous DS; turn.

**Short Row 4 (RS):** Work as for Short Row 3.

Work Short Rows 3-4 a total of 3 times (= a total of 8 short rows).

**Next Row (WS):** DS, knit to I-cord (knit DS as 1 st), I-cord.

**Next Row (RS):** Work as est with I-cords and garter st; work each rem DS as 1 st.

**Next Row (WS):** I-cord, k6, pm, knit until 10 sts rem (= k6 and I-cord), pm, k6, I-cord.

Now work a few rows of double knitting between the markers to stabilize the back neck and, *at the same time*, increase at center front for the front band edge.

**Row 1 (RS):** I-cord, M1L, knit to marker, slm, \*k1, sl 1 wyf\*; rep \*-\* to marker (ending with k1), slm, knit to I-cord, M1R, I-cord (= 2 sts increased).

**Row 2 (WS):** I-cord, knit to marker, slm, \*sl 1 wyf, k1,\*; rep \*-\* to marker (ending with sl 1), slm, knit to I-cord, M1R, I-cord.

Work Rows 1-2 a total of 3 times = 105 (109, 109, 113, 113, 117, 117, 121) sts.

Change to larger size circular. Now you will work the last increases at center front and then place markers for the raglan shaping.

**Next Row (RS):** I-cord, M1L, knit to I-cord, M1R, I-cord = 107 (111, 111, 115, 115, 119, 119, 123) sts.

**Next Row WS:** I-cord, knit to marker, slm, k7, pm, k6, pm, k11 (13, 13, 15, 15, 17, 17, 19), pm, k6, pm, k19, pm, k6, pm, k11 (13, 13, 15, 15, 17, 17, 19), pm, k6, pm, k7 to marker, slm, knit to I-cord, I-cord.

## YOKE

Now work 2 rows to set up brioche.

**Row 1 (RS):** I-cord, \*knit to marker, slm, brioche without yarnovers to marker, slm\*; rep \*-\* 5 times, knit to I-cord, I-cord.

**Row 2 (WS):** Work as for Row 1.

The pattern is now set up, with garter st in the garter st section, brioche in the brioche sections, and integrated I-cord at the edges. This pattern will be referred to "as est." On the RS, the first brioche section is the left front, then the left sleeve, back,



right sleeve, and right front, with each as a brioche section. The garter st sections form the front bands and raglan “seams.”

Now work short rows to shape the back neck for a better fit. The turns are made at different places in the garter st.

**Short Row 1 (RS):** Work as est to raglan seam before right sleeve, slm, k6; turn.

**Short Row 2 (WS):** DS, work as est to raglan seam before left sleeve, slm, k6; turn.

**Short Row 3 (RS):** DS, work as est to DS, knit DS as 1 st, work right sleeve as est, slm, k1; turn.

**Short Row 4 (WS):** DS, work as est to DS, knit DS as 1 st, work left sleeve as est, slm, k1; turn.

**Short Row 5 (RS):** DS, work as est to DS, knit DS as 1 st, k5; turn.

**Short Row 6 (WS):** Work as for short Row 5.

**Short Row 7 (RS):** DS, work as est to DS, knit DS as 1 st, work right front as est, slm, k1; turn.

**Short Row 8 (WS):** DS, work as est to DS, knit DS as 1 st, work left front as est, slm, k1; turn.

**Next Row (RS):** DS, work as est to DS, knit DS as 1 st, work as est to end of row.

Work back as est on WS, knitting last DS as 1 st.

Now begin raglan increases in brioche sections, **AT THE SAME TIME**, making buttonholes evenly spaced on front edge. The first buttonhole is made DIRECTLY on the first row (RS) and then a new buttonhole on the left front edge on RS every  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ( $3\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $3\frac{1}{2}$ , 4, 4, 4,  $4\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $4\frac{1}{4}$ ) in / 9 (9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 11, 11) cm for the rest of the jacket. See Buttonholes under Stitches and Techniques above.

**TIP** On the same row as each buttonhole, place a marker through the fabric in the middle of the right front edge to mark placement of button.

The increase row will now be set up with increases on every 4<sup>th</sup> row.

**NOTE** Don't forget the buttonhole on the first row.

**Increase Row, raglan (RS):** I-cord, knit to marker, slm, brioche until 1 st before marker, Inc2R, 1 k1b, slm, \*knit to marker, slm, k1b, inc2L, brioche until 1 st before marker, inc2R, k1b, slm\*; rep \*-\* 3 times, knit to marker, slm, k1b, inc2L, brioche to marker, slm, knit to I-cord, I-cord (= 16 sts increased).

**Rows 2-4:** Work as est.

Work Rows 1-4 a total of 2 (3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4) times = 139 (159, 159, 163, 179, 183, 183, 187) sts

Next, increase for the raglan shaping on every 8<sup>th</sup> row instead = work raglan increase row, and then a total of 7 rows as est before the next increase row.

Work the 8 rows a total of 9 (9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9) times and don't forget the buttonholes! = 283 (303, 303, 307, 323, 327, 327, 331) sts.

Now, once again, you'll increase more often but somewhat differently for each size, so read the section below carefully. Don't forget the buttonholes!

**Sizes XS, M, L, XL only:** Increase on every 4<sup>th</sup> row = work raglan increase row and then a total of 3 rows as est before the next increase row.

Work Rows 1-4 a total of 1 (-, 1, 1, 2, -, -, -) times = 299 (-, 319, 323, 355, -, -, -) sts.

**All sizes EXCEPT XS:** Continue raglan increasing on every 4<sup>th</sup> row, BUT, on every RS row in-between, increase only on the body. Don't forget the buttonholes!

**Row 1 (RS):** Raglan increase row = 16 sts increased.

**Row 2 (WS):** Work as est.

**Row 3 (RS):** I-cord, knit to marker, slm, brioche until 1 st before marker, Inc2R, k1b, slm, work as est to marker before back, slm, k1b, Inc2L, brioche until 1 st before marker, Inc2R, k1b, slm, work as est to marker before right front, slm, k1b, Inc2L, brioche to marker, slm, knit to I-cord, I-cord = 8 sts increased.

**Row 4 (WS):** Work as est.

Work Rows 1-4 a total of - (1, 1, 2, 2, 4, 5, 6) times = - (327, 343, 371, 403, 423, 447, 475) sts.

**Size 4XL only:** Work Rows 3-4 once more = - (-, -, -, -, -, -, 483) sts.

**All sizes now:** Divide piece for body and sleeves. Keep all markers in place for the time being.

**Next Row (RS):** Work as est to left sleeve, place the next 59 (65, 69, 75, 83, 85, 89, 95) brioche sts on a holder for left sleeve, CO 4 (4, 6, 6, 8, 12, 14, 14) sts for underarm using backwards loop cast-on (make a loop, twisting it so working yarn goes to back). Work as est to right sleeve, place the next 59 (65, 69, 75, 83, 85, 89, 95) brioche sts on a holder for right sleeve, CO 4 (4, 6, 6, 8, 12, 14, 14) sts using backwards loop cast-on for underarm, continue as est to end of row."



## BODY

Work back and forth as est, knitting the cast-on sts for underarm until you have worked the WS row just before the 4<sup>th</sup> buttonhole.

Now work the 4<sup>th</sup> buttonhole and divide for front and back to create an opening at the sides for the pockets. All the sections are worked at the same time, but with separate balls of yarn to make sure they all match in length.

**TIP** If you don't want pockets at the sides, continue working as est until you have made the 5<sup>th</sup> buttonhole + work another 2½ (2½, 2½, 3, 3, 3, 3¼, 3¼) in / 6.5 (6.5, 6.5, 7.5, 7.5, 7.5, 8.5, 8.5) cm in pattern, with the last row on WS. Continue onto "Lower Edge."

**Next Row (RS):** I-cord, garter st and buttonhole to marker, slm, brioche to marker, slm, 6 sts garter to marker, remove marker, CO 4 sts with backwards loop, *change yarn ball*, CO 7 sts with long-tail method, leaving an end at least 11¾ in / 30 cm long, garter st to marker, remove marker, knit to marker, slm, brioche to marker, slm, garter to marker, remove marker, knit to marker, garter st to marker (6 sts before brioche), remove marker, CO 7 sts with backwards loop, *change yarn ball*, CO 4 sts with long-tail method, leaving an end at least 11¾ in / 30 cm long, garter st to marker, slm, brioche to marker, slm, garter to I-cord, I-cord.

On both fronts, work the 4 cast-on sts in I-cord as for front edge of jacket; the 7 sts cast-on at each side of back are worked in garter st.

Work back and forth as est, changing yarn ball at each new section to create a hole at each side until you've worked the 6<sup>th</sup> buttonhole on the left front + another 1½ in / 4 cm in patten; the last row is on RS.

### Next Row (WS):

*Right Front:* Work as est until 4 sts rem, BO the 4 sts purlwise (I-cord), cut yarn, leaving an end at least 11¾ in / 30 cm long; draw end through last st, *change yarn ball*.

*Back:* BO the next 7 sts knitwise, work as est until 7 sts rem, BO the last 7 sts knitwise, cut yarn, leaving an end at least 11¾ in / 30 cm long; draw end through last st, *change yarn ball*.

*Left Front:* Sl 2 purlwise, pass first slipped st over the second = bind-off, \*sl 1 st purlwise, pass previous st over slipped st\*; rep \*-\* once more. Bring working yarn

to RS, k1, pass last I-cord st over the knitted st, work as est to end of row.

Now return to working all sections at the same time with the same ball of yarn (the ball which ended the left front; the I-cord, garter st, and brioche continue as est). The yarn ends from the beginning and end of each pocket section will be used later to join the short sides of the pocket openings.

Work back and forth as est until body measures 2½ (2½, 2½, 3, 3, 3, 3¼, 3¼) in / 6.5 (6.5, 6.5, 7.5, 7.5, 7.5, 8.5, 8.5) cm from 5<sup>th</sup> buttonhole; the last row is on WS.

**Lower Edge:** Change to smaller size circular. On the first row, remove all markers. Work only in garter st, but continue the I-cords at the sides, until the garter st lower edge is 2 in / 5 cm long, with the last row on WS. Don't forget the 6<sup>th</sup> buttonhole which should be 1 in / 2.5 cm down from beginning of lower edge.

**Next Row (RS):** Sl 2 purlwise, pass first slipped st over the second = bind-off, \*sl 1 st purlwise, pass previous st over slipped st\*; rep \*-\* once more, k1, pass the last st of I-cord over the knitted st. BO knitwise to end of row. Cut yarn and draw end through last st.

## SLEEVES

The sleeves are worked back and forth in garter st and brioche, just as for the body. The underarms are seamed when finishing.

Place the held 59 (65, 69, 75, 83, 85, 89, 95) brioche sts of one sleeve on larger size long circular needle. With RS facing, begin at center of underarm: pick up and knit 3 (3, 4, 4, 5, 7, 8, 8) sts in the cast-on sts of underarm up to the brioche sts, pm and work all brioche sts in brioche as est, pm, pick up and knit 3 (3, 4, 4, 5, 7, 8, 8) sts in the cast-on sts of underarm up to the first picked-up st. Turn work = 65 (71, 77, 83, 93, 99, 105, 111) sts total.

**Next Row (WS):** Knit until 2 sts before marker, k2tog, slm, work in brioche to marker, slm, k2tog, knit to end of row = 63 (69, 75, 81, 91, 97, 103, 109) sts rem.

Work back and forth on sleeve as est, with garter st below underarm and brioche over brioche. When sleeve measures 3¼ (3¼, 2¾, 2¼, 1½, 1¾, 1¼, 1¼) in / 8.5 (8.5, 7, 5.5, 4, 3.5, 3, 3) cm from underarm, decrease in brioche on RS, after first marker, work



Dec3L and, 3 sts before second marker, Dec3R.  
Decrease the same way on RS every  $3\frac{1}{4}$  ( $3\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $2\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $1\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $1\frac{3}{8}$ ,  $1\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $1\frac{1}{4}$ ) in / 8.5 (8.5, 7, 5.5, 4, 3.5, 3, 3) cm until you've decreased a total of 4 (4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11) times = 47 (53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65) sts rem.

Continue as est without further decreasing until sleeve measures  $14\frac{1}{4}$  ( $14\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $14\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $14\frac{1}{2}$ , 15, 15,  $15\frac{1}{2}$ ) in / 36 (36, 37, 37, 38, 38, 39, 39) cm. The last row is on WS.

Change to smaller size needle and knit 1 row (all sts). The rest of the sleeve is worked in garter st.

**Next Row (WS):** K3 (1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 5), \*k2tog, k2\*; rep \*-\* 11 (13, 13, 14, 14, 15, 15, 15) times = 36 (40, 42, 43, 45, 46, 48, 50) sts rem.

Continue back and forth in garter st until cuff is  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in / 4 cm long with last row on WS. BO knitwise on RS. Cut yarn, leaving an end about twice as long as sleeve seam down from underarm. Draw end through last st.

Make the second sleeve the same way.

Use yarn end to seam sleeve. With RS facing, seam sleeve from the cuff up using mattress st: stitch alternately through the outermost st on each side of sleeve, working into the little bump right at the edge. Tighten yarn as you work, but, to make sure that the seam does not become too tight, pull slightly in all directions on the seam.

## POCKETS

Begin by preparing the pocket opening: sew the pieces that are overlapped together and then pick up and knit the sts for the pocket lining, working around in stockinette. Finish by binding off the lining sts with 3-needle bind-off and fastening off with a few sts on the WS of jacket front.

With RS facing, lay the garter-st flap on the back behind the I-cord of the front pieces. The long side of the flap lies edge to edge with the brioche work on the WS. With the yarn ends from the I-cord/flap, sew the short sides of the flap with Kitchener st on the WS of the front, making sure to follow the row precisely before/after the pocket opening. Also fasten off the ends of the I-cord on the back from the RS. Depending on which pocket/piece you are on, sew either the flap or the I-cord first.

Turn the pocket opening inside out so the long side of the flap is visible and the WS faces out. Using smaller size dpn, begin at the top of the opening (nearest the armhole).

*Left Pocket:* Beginning at the top, pick up and knit 28 (28, 28, 30, 30, 30, 32, 32) sts in every other row along with long aide of the flap; divide sts onto two dpn. Pick up and knit 28 (28, 28, 30, 30, 30, 32, 32) sts in the purl sts on the edge of the brioche along with the other side up to the first picked-up st; divide sts onto 2 dpn. Keep track of the beginning of the round either by the space between the needles or pm.

*Right Pocket:* Beginning at the top, pick up and knit 28 (28, 28, 30, 30, 30, 32, 32) sts in the purl sts on the edge of the brioche; divide sts onto two dpn. Pick up and knit 28 (28, 28, 30, 30, 30, 32, 32) sts in every other row along with the other side up to the first picked-up st; divide sts onto 2 dpn. Keep track of the beginning of the round either by the space between the needles or pm.

*Both Pockets:* The whole pocket is worked in stockinette.

**Next Rnd:** K27 (27, 27, 29, 29, 29, 31, 31) , pm, k2, pm, knit to end of rnd.

**Increase Rnd:** Knit to marker, M1R, slm, k2, slm, M1L, knit to end of rnd.

Repeat the Increase Rnd on every other rnd a total of 5 (5, 5, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9) times. Then, continue knitting around in stockinette until pocket measures 6 (6, 6,  $6\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $6\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $6\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $6\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $6\frac{3}{4}$ ) in / 15 (15, 15, 16, 16, 16, 17, 17) cm.

Lay pocket flat with RS out and then bind off with 3-needle bind-off. Cut yarn, leaving an end about  $15\frac{3}{4}$  in / 40 cm long, draw end through last st and sew it through the corner out to the WS.

Turn pocket lining so WS faces out and turn jacket to WS. Using the yarn end from the pocket, begin by sewing the pocket lining down securely at the lower corner on the first row of the edge with 1-2 sts. Make sure that the pocket lies flat before you sew it and then sew up along the entire short side of the pocket, up to the top corner, making sure once again that the pocket lies flat. Stretch the yarn end on the WS until it is about  $\frac{3}{4}$  in / 2 cm above the 4<sup>th</sup> button/4<sup>th</sup> buttonhole as counted from the top. Make a few stitches on the WS of the garter st front edge without



stretching the yarn from the pocket lining's top corner too firmly.

## **FINISHING**

Weave in all ends neatly on WS. Dampen jacket, preferably from a spray bottle. Roll garment in a towel to absorb excess water. Lay flat to dry, patted out to finished measurements. Sew buttons onto right front band.





## Tips & shortcuts

### TO AVOID QUESTIONS

Before you begin knitting, read through the pattern.

### STITCH COUNT

Always knit or crochet a gauge swatch as recommended in the pattern. If your stitch count doesn't match the gauge given in the pattern, try again with larger or smaller needles or hook. If your gauge doesn't match that in the pattern, your item will not be the correct size or shape.

### HIGHLIGHT

Highlight the size you will knit or crochet throughout the pattern to make it easier to follow the instructions.

### CHARTS

It will be easier to follow a chart if you mark your row with a ruler and magnetic board or sticky note.

### EASE

The amount of ease included in our garments varies depending on the type and shape of the garment. To determine the right size, we recommend that you first measure your body. Then you can calculate the garment size depending on how much ease you want the garment to have. The schematics for each piece show all the garment measurements.

### TWO-COLOR STRANDED KNITTING

When knitting more than 3-4 stitches of the same color, twist the color strands around each other on the wrong side to avoid long strands or "floats" on the back. If the yarns need to be twisted on several rows/rounds, make sure you do not stack the twists in the same place to prevent the yarns from showing through on the right side.

### TIPS FÖR HAND DYED YARN

Make sure you have enough yarn to complete your project. The colors may vary from time to time. To get a smooth color mix, you can alternate between two skeins: knit two rows from one and two rows from another skein.

## Abbreviations

**alt** = alternately, **approx.** = approximately, **beg** = begin, **bl** = back loop, **BOR** = beginning of row/round, **cc** = contrasting color, **col** = color, **cont** = continue, **dec** = decrease, **EOR** = end of row/round, **fl** = front loop, **inc** = increase, **m** = marker, **mm** = millimeters, **mc** = main color, **patt** = pattern, **pm** = place marker, **rep** = repeat, **md(s)** = round/rounds, **RM** = remove marker, **RS** = right side, **sl** = slip, **sl m** = slip marker, **st(s)** = stitches, **tog** = together, **WS** = wrong side, **yo** = yarn over

### KNITTING

**BO** = bind off, **cn** = cable needle, **CO** = cast on, **dpn(s)** = double-pointed needles, **g st** = garter stitch, **k1f&b** = knit in front and back loop of same stitch, **k** = knit (stitch), **k2tog** = knit two stitches together, **kw** = knitwise, **LH** = left hand needle, **p** = purl (stitch), **pw** = purlwise, **RH** = right hand needle, **ssk** = slip, slip, knit, **St st** = stockinette/stocking stitch, **wyib** = with yarn in back, **wyif** = with yarn in front

### CROCHETING

**ch** = chain stitch, **dc** = double crochet, **dtr** = double treble crochet, **hdc** = half double crochet, **htr** = half treble crochet, **sc** = single crochet, **sl st** = slip stitch, **tr** = treble crochet, **tr tr** = triple treble crochet

## Difficulty

**Beginner:** Anyone with no experience knitting/crocheting. Easy techniques and clear explanations.

**Adventurous Beginner:** For a beginner ready to take the next step. Clear explanations so you can try some new techniques.

**Intermediate:** Anyone who has knitted/crocheted for a while but who wants a challenge. More advanced techniques and two steps occur at the same time.

**Experienced:** For experienced knitters/crocheters who have already tried many techniques and methods. Advanced/uncommon techniques and several steps occur simultaneously.