

## “Autumn Manifold” Knitted hooded jacket



This fashionable hooded jacket looks best in variegated yarn with medium long color repeats, but shorter repeats, self-striping or hand-painted yarns make for an interesting effect, too.

**Sizes:** US S/M, M/L = European 36/38, 42/44

**Yarn:** Noro Kureyon (50 g/100 m) for size 36/38: 850 g, 42/44: 900 g.

**Gauge:** 20 sts and 25 rows = 10 cm x 10 cm (4 x 4 inches) in garter stitch.

**Needles:** 4 mm (US 6, UK/Canadian 8) – straight, + circular needle, 74 cm (29 in) long.

**Notions:** Detachable zipper, 60 cm (24 in) long.

### Abbreviations:

BO = bind off  
CO = cast on  
k = knit  
k2tog = knit two (2) stitches together (dec 1)  
kfb = knit front and back of same stitch (inc 1)  
LN = left needle  
p = purl  
rep = repeat  
RS = right side  
RN = right needle  
selv st = Selvedge stitch(es)  
st st = stockinette stitch  
st(s) = stitch(es)  
WS = wrong side  
yo = yarn over

### Construction note:

The jacket is worked sideways, the direction of knitting being shown with red arrows in the schematic. Begin of work from big red arrow.

If not indicated otherwise, all stitches in right side rows are to be knitted, all stitches in wrong side rows to be purled.

### “Spike” pattern

The spike pattern is composed of conjoined strips of short bias rolls, alternating between sections with parallel right leaning and left leaning rolls, with 2 rows of stockinette stitch in between. For evenly sized rolls, the number of stitches has to be a multiple of 6 and has to be in sync with the length of the fabric underneath.

Selvedge stitches are already included in this stitch count. Do not add any additional selvedge stitches.

Within each roll strip, individual rolls are 6 stitches wide and 10 rows high. The last 6 sts in each row are worked differently than all other 6-stitch-groups.

The first stitch of every row (included in overall stitch count) is always slipped, the last stitch of every row (included in overall stitch count) is worked in pattern (k in RS rows, p in WS rows).



### Row-by row description:

#### Left-leaning roll strip (starts on RS):

**Row 1 (RS):** K6, turn. ([see photo 1](#))  
**Row 2 (WS):** P6, turn.  
**Row 3 (RS):** K6, turn.  
**Row 4 (WS):** P6, turn.  
**Row 5 (RS):** K6, turn.  
**Row 6 (WS):** P6, turn.  
**Row 7 (RS):** K6, turn.  
**Row 8 (WS):** P6, turn.  
**Row 9 (RS):** K6, turn.  
**Row 10 (WS):** P6, turn. ([see photo 2](#))  
**Row 11 (RS):** K9, turn. ([see photo 3](#))  
**Repeat Rows 2 to 11.** ([see photo: 4, 5, 6, 7](#))

Last 6 sts in roll strip:

**Repeat rows 2 to 10.**

**Row 11:** K6 ([see photo 8](#))

**Next row:** Purl all sts. ([see photo 9](#))

**Next row:** Knit all sts. ([see photo 10](#))

#### Right-leaning roll strip (starts on WS):

**Row 1:** P6, turn. ([see photo 11](#))  
**Row 2:** K6, turn.  
**Row 3:** P6, turn.  
**Row 4:** K6, turn.  
**Row 5:** P6, turn.  
**Row 6:** K6, turn.  
**Row 7:** P6, turn.  
**Row 8:** K6, turn.  
**Row 9:** P6, turn.  
**Row 10:** K6, turn.  
**Row 11:** P9, turn.  
**Repeat rows 2 to 11.** ([see photo: 12, 13, 14, 15](#))

Last 6 sts in this roll strip:

**Repeat rows 2 to 10.**

**Row 11:** P6 ([see photo 16](#))

**Continue:** ([see photo: 17, 18, 19, 20](#))



### Instructions:

Work begins from the left sleeve (with a left-leaning strip).

Cast on 42 stitches.

**1)** Work in stockinette stitch for 4 rows.

**2)** Work one left-leaning roll strip.

Next row (WS): Purl all sts.

Next row (RS): Knit all sts.

**3)** Work one right-leaning roll strip.

Next row (RS): Knit all sts.

At the same time, start sleeve shaping in this row: Work the three stitches after the first selv st and before the last selv st as kfb, increasing the stitch count per row by 3 sts on ea. side.

Next row (WS): Purl all sts.

**4)** Work from 1) to 3) another four times for a total of (5) repetitions 1) to 3). Повторить пункты «1»–«3» пять раз.

**5)** After the last right-leaning roll strip, using the backwards loop cast-on method, cast on 18 sts on each side for the back and front for a total of 102 sts on the needles (see schematic).

**6)** Work three roll strips even with two st st rows in between, without further increases, up to mark "D" in schematic.

**7)** P51 and transfer these sts to a holder (up to mark "C" in schematic), p51.

Next row (RS): K51, CO 48

**8)** Work one right-leaning roll strip.

Next row (RS): Knit all sts.

Next row (WS): Purl all sts.

**9)** Work one left-leaning roll strip.

Next row (WS): Purl all sts.

**Center of work** – after center, continue mirror-inverted:

Instead of sleeve shaping increases, work sleeve shaping decreases, instead of kfb, work k2tog. When the second half is finished, bind off all sts.

### Assembling:

**1)** Close side seams and sleeve seems.

**2)** Seam the hood, joining "e" with "e" (see schematic).

**3)** From the selv sts, pick up and knit sts as follows:

Right front (from "A" to "B") – 51 sts,

Hood (from "B" to "e") – 48 sts and from "e" to "C" – 48 sts.

Unhold and knit the formerly held left 51 front sts (from "C" to "D")  
= total 198 sts (see schematic).



**4)** Work one right-leaning roll strip.

**Next row (RS):** Knit all sts.

**Next row (WS):** Purl all sts.

**5)** Work one left-leaning roll strip.

**Next row (WS):** Purl all sts.

**Next row (RS row):** Knit all sts.

**6)** Work one right-leaning roll strip.

**7)** Work 4 rows in st st.

**8)** Bind off all sts.

**Begin Optional Welts between roll strips** (see photo 26):

*(If you want to skip this part, proceed directly to the “Hip yoke” section.)*

This will be worked in the intermediate sections between roll strips, but only in every other one. It will result in a narrow raised welt between the roll sections, resembling a corn stalk if you count the rolls as “grains”.

Pick up additional sts from every other intermediate st st section between roll strips, directly from the knit fabric and at a rate of 1 st p/u from every st in the fabric (see photo 21).

- roll strip
- intermediate st st section (p/u for raised welt)
- roll strip
- intermediate st st section
- roll strip
- intermediate st st section (p/u for raised welt)
- roll strip
- intermediate st st section etc.

Work in st st for 3 rows. Bind off all sts (see photo 22).

*End Optional Welts between roll strips.*

### **Hip yoke**

From the bottom edge of the fronts and back, pick up and knit 92 sts (for size S / M: 36–38) or 102 sts (for size M / L: 40–42). Knit in [k1, p1] rib for 50 rows. Bind off all sts.

**Attaching the zipper** (see photo 25)

To evenly attach the zipper to the fronts, work a strip of knitted revers as follows:

*Left front:* WS facing and starting at the *bottom* of the left





front, pick up and knit 95 sts (see photo 23) , 4 rows inwards from the cast off row, and work 4 rows in st st. Bind off all sts.

*Right front:* WS facing and starting at the *top* of the right front, pick up and knit 95 sts, 4 rows inwards from the cast off row, and work 4 rows in st st. Bind off all sts.

Place the zipper between the two knit layers, pin in place to prevent shifting, and, making sure to go through all three layers (knit fabric, zipper and knit revers ), sew in place in mattress stitch with a tapestry needle (see photo 24).

For a drawstring, crochet a cord, 180 cm = 75 inches long, and thread it through the knit fabric just above the ribbing.

### Useful tip:

This stitch pattern does contain a large number of turns, working which may become tiring over time – especially when the fabric has grown a bit already. To make it easier, I recommend trying to learn knitting backwards without turning. At the beginning, this will slow down you a little bit, but after as little as one hour you'll see how much easier and faster it is to work without having to swirl the whole fabric around every time you turn! Try it for yourself, it is worth the hassle.

### NO-TURN KNIT BACK Left-leaning roll strip

(starts on RS, at right edge, worked from right to left):

**Row 1)** K6, **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 2)** slip 2 sts from RN to LN, [k1 as usual, then return this st to the LN, slip next st from RN to LN] repeat in brackets until all 6 sts have turned up knitted on the LN, **WITHOUT** ANY TURNING.

**Row 3)** K6. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 4)** rep Row 2. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 5)** K6. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 6)** rep Row 2. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 7)** K6. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 8)** rep Row 2. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 9)** K6. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 10)** rep Row 2. **WITHOUT** TURNING.

**Row 11)** K9.

Continue to work over 6 sts again.



### NO-TURN KNIT BACK Right-leaning roll strip

(starts on RS, at right edge, worked from left to right):

**Row 1)** slip 2 sts from RN to LN, [k1 as usual, then return this st to the LN, slip next st from RN to LN] repeat in brackets until all 6 sts have turned up knitted on the LN, **WITHOUT ANY TURNING**.

**Row 2)** K6. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 3)** rep Row 1. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 4)** K6. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 5)** rep Row 1. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 6)** K6. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 7)** rep Row 1. WITHOUT TURNING.

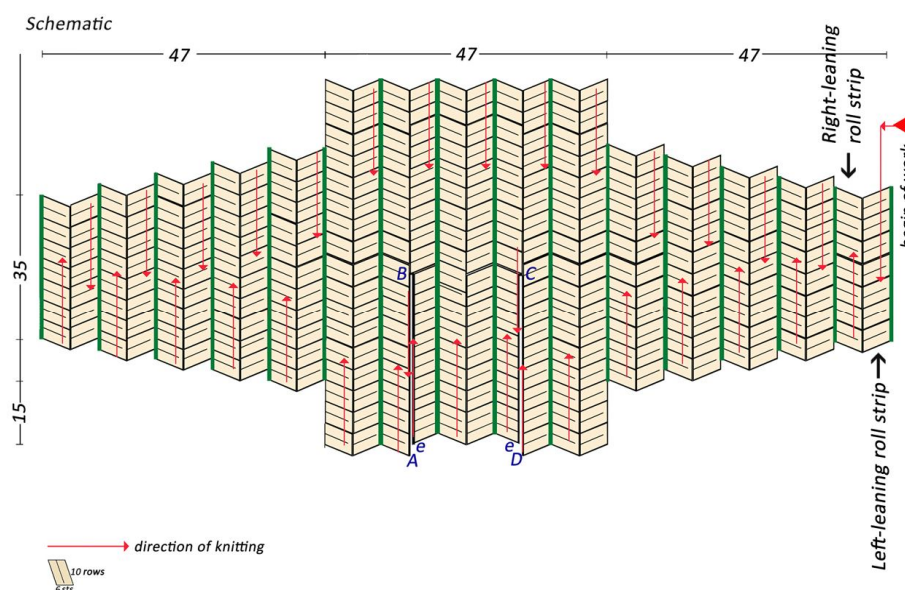
**Row 8)** K6. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 9)** rep Row 1. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 10)** K9. WITHOUT TURNING.

**Row 11)** repeat Row 1 until 9 sts have turned up knitted on the LN, **WITHOUT TURNING**.

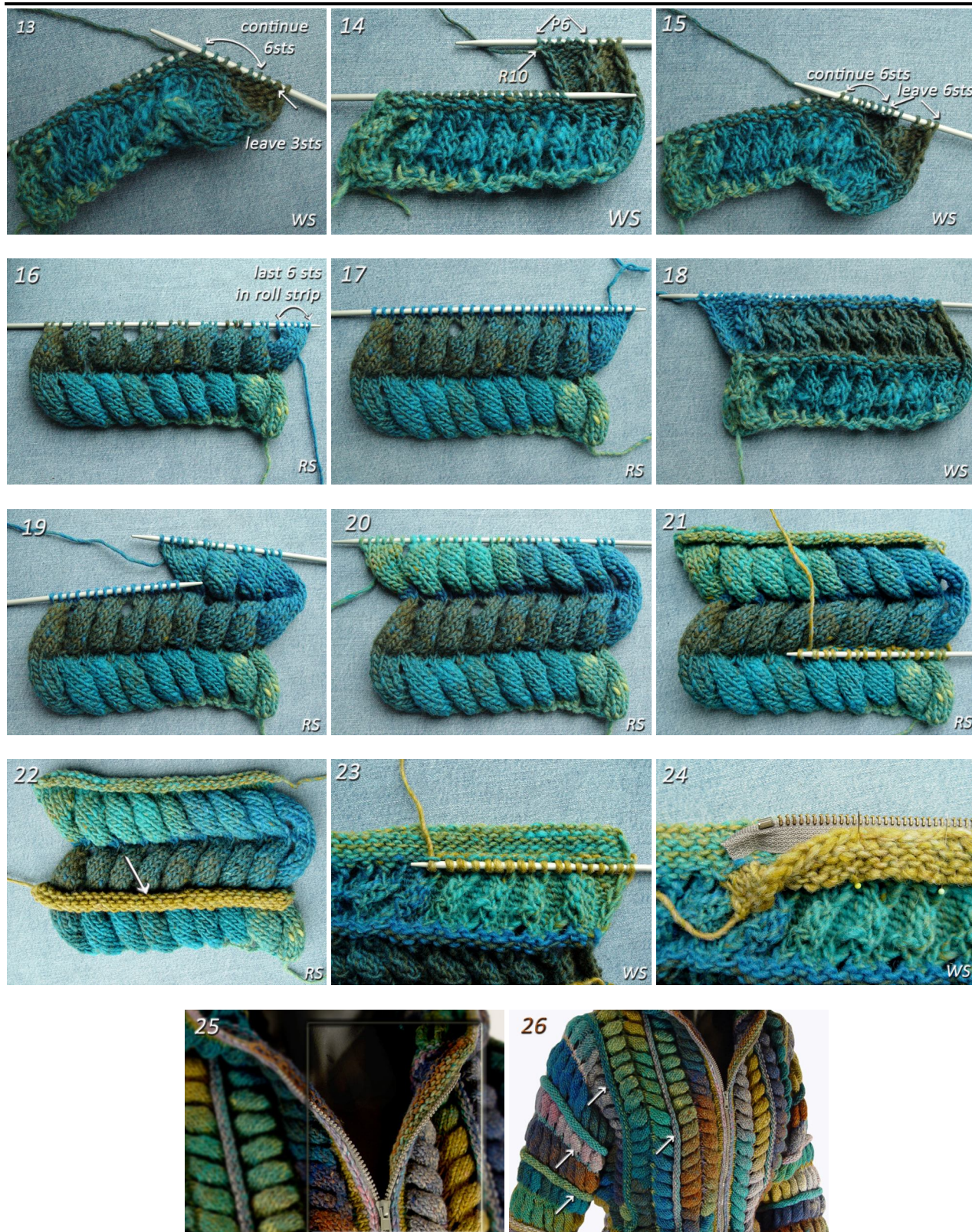
**Continue** to work over 6 sts again for the next roll strip.











Thank you and happy knitting!