



JÄRBO

93020





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RÄLS (RAILS) – SCARF

Here's an elegant little scarf to spiff up any outfit. The little cable pattern adds interest to the knitting while, at the same time, it's easily memorized for easy and pleasant knitting. The scarf is knitted from tip to tip, shaped with increases and then decreases.

YARN Alpacka Silke (45% alpaca, 40% Merino wool, 15% silk, 180 yd/165 m / 50 g)

ALTERNATE YARN SUGGESTION

Fin Alpacka (100% alpaca, 180 yd/165 m / 50 g)

GAUGE Approx. 28 sts x 36 rows/rnds in pattern on gauge-size needles = 4 x 4 in / 10 x 10 cm.

Adjust needle size to obtain correct gauge if necessary.

SIZES One size

GARMENT WIDTH Approx. 6 in / 15 cm

GARMENT LENGTH Approx. 33½ in / 85 cm

YARN AMOUNTS AND COLORS

Approx. 100 g (color 29517, Gold Bullion)

NEEDLES U. S. size 2.5 / 3 mm: circular 24 in / 60 cm

NOTIONS cable needle

LEVEL OF DIFFICULTY Intermediate

DESIGNER Agnes Brandels

STITCHES AND TECHNIQUES

M1L = make 1 left: With left needle, lift strand between 2 sts from front to back and knit into back loop = left-leaning increase.

TIP

With gauge-size needle, CO 6 sts.

INCREASES

Row 1 (WS): K3, sl 3 wyf (with yarn in front).

Row 2 (RS): K3, M1L, sl 3 wyf.

Row 3 (WS): K4, sl 3 wyf.

Row 4 (RS): K3, M1L, p1, sl 3 wyf.

Row 5 (WS): K5, sl 3 wyf.

The first few rows are now done and it's time to work following the chart. The 3 I-cord sts at each side are not included on the chart. Continue working I-cord at each side as above by slipping the last 3 sts of the row with yarn in front and then knitting those 3 sts at beginning of next row.

Work charted rows until total length measures approx. 25½ in / 65 cm. End with a RS row.

DECREASES

Now begin decreasing on the left side to shape the tip and end the scarf.

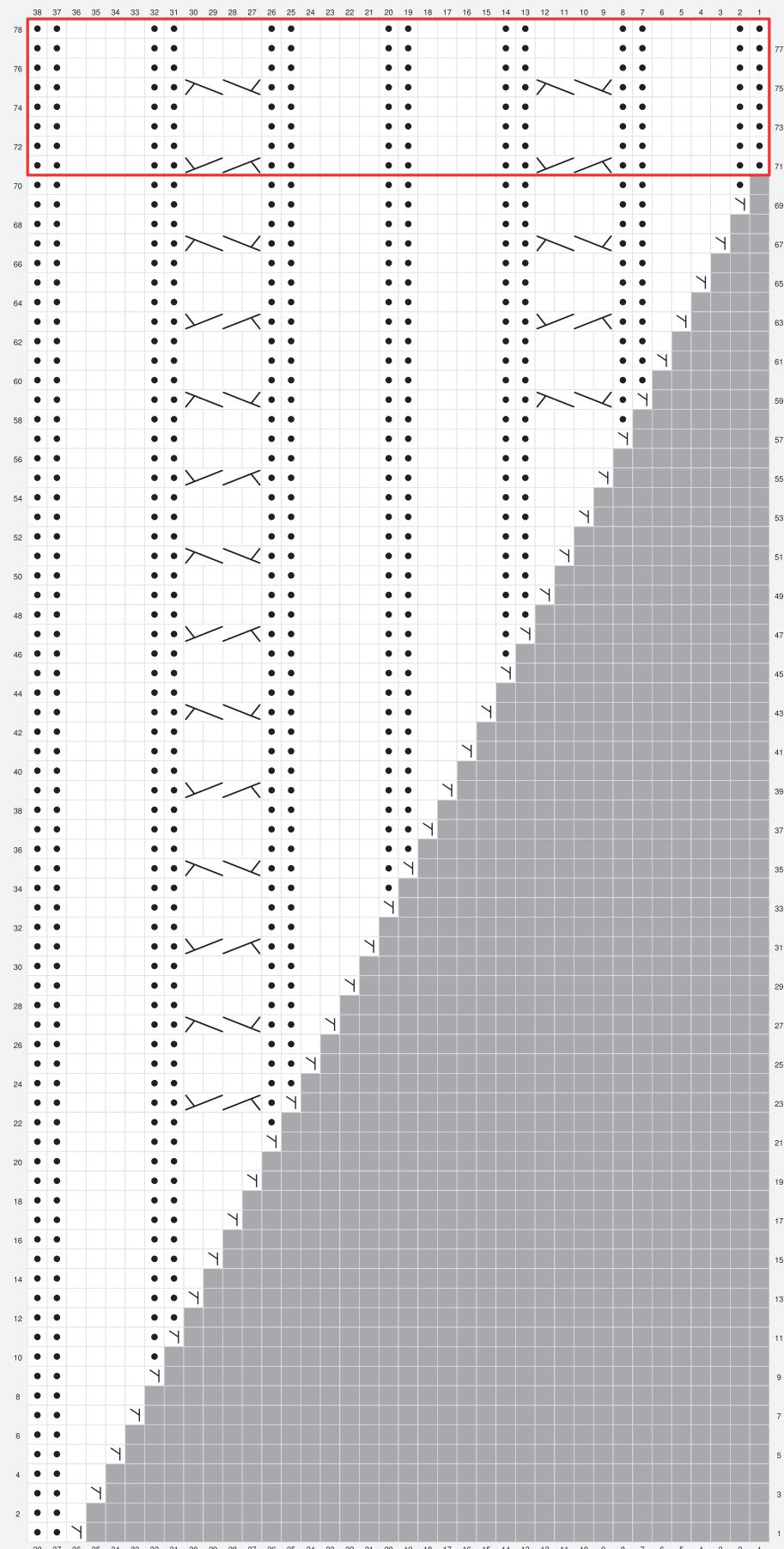
Row 1 (WS): K2, ssk, work in pattern as established until 3 sts remain, sl 3 wyf.

Row 2 (RS): K3, work in pattern as established until 3 sts remain, sl 3 wyf.

Repeat Rows 1-2 until 6 sts remain. Cut yarn and draw end through remaining sts.

FINISHING

Weave in all ends neatly on WS. Block by dampening scarf, preferably from a spray bottle. Roll in a towel to absorb excess water. Lay flat to dry, patted out to finished measurements and with brim rolled down.



Knit on RS and purl on WS.

Purl on RS and knit on WS.

Place first 2 sts on cable needle and hold in front of work, k2, k2 from cable needle.

Place first 2 sts on cable needle and hold in back of work, k2, k2 from cable needle.

No stitch

M1L





TIPS & SHORTCUTS

To avoid questions: Before you begin knitting, read through the pattern.

Stitch count: Always knit or crochet a gauge swatch as recommended in the pattern. If your stitch count doesn't match the gauge given in the pattern, try again with larger or smaller needles or hook. If your gauge doesn't match that in the pattern, your item will not be the correct size or shape.

Highlight the size you will knit or crochet throughout the pattern to make it easier to follow the instructions.

Charts: It will be easier to follow a chart if you mark your row with a ruler and magnetic board or sticky note.

Ease: The amount of ease included in our garments varies depending on the type and shape of the garment. To determine the right size, we recommend that you first measure your body. Then you can calculate the garment size depending on how much ease you want the garment to have. The schematics for each piece show all the garment measurements.

Two-color stranded knitting: When knitting more than 3-4 stitches of the same color, twist the color strands around each other on the wrong side to avoid long strands or "floats" on the back. If the yarns need to be twisted on several rows/rounds, make sure you do not stack the twists in the same place to prevent the yarns from showing through on the right side.

Tips for hand dyed yarn: Make sure you have enough yarn to complete your project. The colors may vary from time to time. To get a smooth color mix, you can alternate between two skeins: knit two rows from one and two rows from another skein.

ABBREVIATIONS

alt = alternately, **approx.** = approximately, **beg** = begin, **bl** = back loop, **BOR** = beginning of row/round, **cc** = contrasting color, **col** = color, **cont** = continue, **dec** = decrease, **EOR** = end of row/round, **fl** = front loop, **inc** = increase, **m** = marker, **mm** = millimeters, **mc** = main color, **patt** = pattern, **pm** = place marker, **rep** = repeat, **rnd(s)** = round/rounds, **RM** = remove marker, **RS** = right side, **sl** = slip, **sl m** = slip marker, **st(s)** = stitches, **tog** = together, **WS** = wrong side, **yo** = yarn over

KNITTING

BO = bind off, **cn** = cable needle, **CO** = cast on, **dpn(s)** = double-pointed needles, **g st** = garter stitch, **k1f&b** = knit in front and back loop of same stitch, **k** = knit (stitch), **k2tog** = knit two stitches together, **kw** = knitwise, **LH** = left hand needle, **p** = purl (stitch), **pw** = purlwise, **RH** = right hand needle, **ssk** = slip, slip, knit, **st st** = stockinette/stocking stitch, **wyib** = with yarn in back, **wyif** = with yarn in front

CROCHETING

ch = chain stitch, **dc** = double crochet, **dtr** = double treble crochet, **hdc** = half double crochet, **htr** = half treble crochet, **sc** = single crochet, **sl st** = slip stitch, **tr** = treble crochet, **tr tr** = triple treble crochet

DIFFICULTY

Beginner: Anyone with no experience knitting/crocheting. Easy techniques and clear explanations.

Adventurous Beginner: For a beginner ready to take the next step. Clear explanations so you can try some new techniques.

Intermediate: Anyone who has knitted/crocheted for a while but who wants a challenge. More advanced techniques and two steps occur at the same time.

Experienced: For experienced knitters/crocheters who have already tried many techniques and methods. Advanced/uncommon techniques and several steps occur simultaneously.